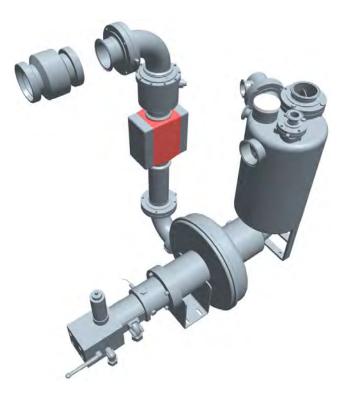


Messanlage MAK TIGER 3003

Service manual



SA 131128

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Change history

Date	Chapter	Description
22.03.2018	3	Change to Series C
22.03.2018	4.5	New drawings
23.07.2018	14.3	Supplement "installation location"
25.10.2018	4.11.1	Order number changed
15.11.2018	18	New drawing

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M. Nagl K. Hacker

1 Safety precautions

1.1 General safety instructions

The equipment operator is responsible for complying with all regulations applicable to storage, transport and handling.

All regulations and provisions shall remain in full force when operating the equipment with MAK units.

The units were built in compliance with the applicable regulations and left the factory in perfect condition. The units must be installed and serviced by duly skilled and qualified personnel.

- Make sure that the information and operating conditions specified by the manufacturer are observed.
- Follow the instructions on operating and servicing the units.
- If you notice any damage or deterioration on parts of the equipment, or if safe operation cannot be guaranteed for other reasons, do not start up the equipment or - if it is already running - switch it off immediately. Notify your service centre.
- You should also contact our service technicians if you notice malfunctions or defects during operation or if you have any doubts as to whether the units are working properly.
- The MAK units are not a replacement for the safety installations on the milk tanker or for the safety systems put in place by the customer.

Exclusion of liabilityBARTEC BENKE GmbH and its vicarious agents only assume liability
in the case of deliberate acts or gross negligence. The extent of liability
in such a case is limited to the value of the order placed with BARTEC
BENKE GmbH.
BARTEC BENKE accepts no liability for any damage resulting from
non-observance of the safety regulations or from non-compliance with
the operating instructions or operating conditions. Secondary damage

is excluded from the liability.

EU-Declaration of confor- mity	We,BARTEC BENKE GmbH, Schulstraße 30, D-94239 Gotteszell,hereby declare, that this product is in compliance with the essential requirements of the relevant EU-Directives
	The EU-Declaration of conformity for this product can be obtained from BARTEC BENKE GmbH, Schulstraße 30, D-94239 Gotteszell, info@bartec-benke.de

1.2 Installation instructions

- Install the units as necessary in order to meet the ambient temperature specifications. Use enclosures, heating or cooling systems to protect them if necessary.
- The installation location should be as vibration-free as possible. Use sturdy retaining fixtures to protect all the components from vibrations.
- The printer must be installed in a permanently clean and dry location.
- The power supply to the system must be stopped during welding work or assisted starting on the vehicle.
- Take measures to keep the units clean during installation, especially the printer (e.g. protect from metal cuttings, etc.).
- Do not blank off unassigned cable glands.
- Remove the transportation lock from the printer before putting it into operation.
- All built-in solenoid valves must be shielded from interference (suppressor diode).

1.3 Wiring instructions

- The wiring must be undertaken by trained professionals.
- The installation must be carried out in accordance with the relevant national regulations.
- The unit must be wired with exclusive reference to, and in strict compliance with, the servicing instructions.
- The connection cables must be fitted in such a way as to eliminate any sagging.

An allowance of approx. 15 - 20 cm is advisable for attachment with clips or cable ties.

Extra care is needed when fitting the cables near the radiator, in the engine compartment, in parts of the truck frame and in the delivery cabin. Under no circumstances should there be any vulnerable points where the cables are kinked or susceptible to abrasion.

- Fit the cable ends with ferrules.
- Tighten the screws on non-assigned terminals.

1.4 Servicing and repair instructions

- Servicing and repairs must be carried out by trained professionals only.
- Switch the units off before servicing and repair work, and take measures to prevent them from being switched back on while servicing and repair work is in progress.

Measuring System MAK TIGER 3003 Service manual, SA 131128

1.5 Maintenance schedule

First of all, pay attention to the maintenance intervals prescribed by the body manufacturer or measuring system installer for filters, hoses and liquids.

Daily:

• CIP

Weekly:

- Check service units for condensate residues and the contamination indicator for signs of discolouration
- Check pressure setting on service units
- Change sampler hoses (At least every 10 days)
- Check intake strainer

Monthly:

- Check hydraulic oil cooler for excessive levels of impurity
- Carry out vacuum test, if necessary, to check that measuring system is not leaking

Biannually:

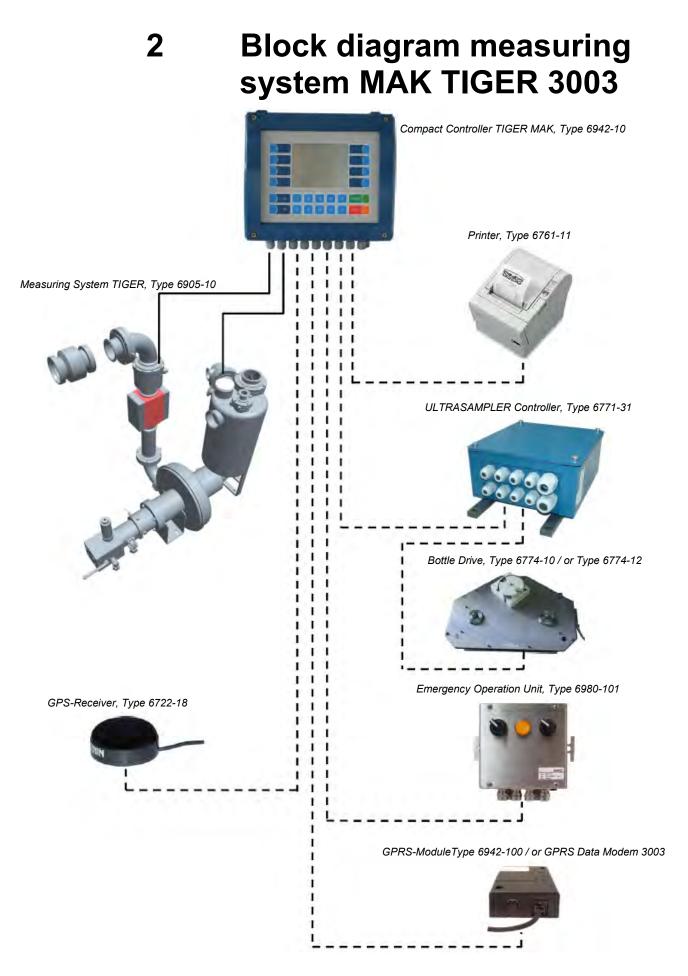
- Check hydraulic oil level and top up if necessary
- Check full alarm sensors
- Carry out sampling process

Annually:

- Check all screws to make sure that none are loose
- Calibration
- Check hydraulic oil and oil filter for impurities and change
- Change milk hoses

		į					į			and and all all all all all all all all all al				
operator:		 1			construction year.	ction y	:JP2		Ĩ.		inoer:		ľ	
Weekly	Performed on:	1	-	/	/	-	-	1	-	/	/	1	1	`
Maintenance units checked fo indicator for discoloration	Maintenance units checked for condensate residues and clogging indicator for discoloration	-	-	-	/	-	-	-	`	/	/	/	/	~
Check pressure at the maintenance units (eje terminal approx. 6 bar, blower approx. 4 bar)	Check pressure at the maintenance units (ejector and valve terminal approx. 6 bar, blower approx. 4 bar)													
Change sample tubes (recom Check suction strainer	Change sample tubes (recommended after a maximum of 10 days) Check suction strainer													
	Performed by:													
Monthly	Performed on:								UL.					
Check hydraulic oil cooler for function Check hydraulic oil cooler for contamination	function contamination													
remoning a vacuum test to check the ughtness of the n (pressure min. 500hPa, pressure drop in 60s <30 hPa)	remoning a vacuum test to check the ugnuness of the measuring system (pressure min. 500hPa, pressure drop in 60s <30 hPa)													
	Performed by:													
Half-yearly	Performed on:	1.4	1			Yearly				Perfor	Performed on:			
Check hydraulic oil level and top up if necessary Check full signaling sensors Perform test decrease	op up if necessary				2.2.2	Change hydraulic oil and oil filter Calibration Change milk tubes	hydrauli on milk tub	c oil and es	oil filter					
	Dorformod hu		ĺ		7	Check tight fit of all screws	ght fit ol	all screv	NS	Perfor	Performed by:			

The oils and antifreeze used in the pneumatic system (including the compressor) must be suitable for use with food.



3

Compact Controller TIGER Type 6942-10 Serie C

Order no.: 386570



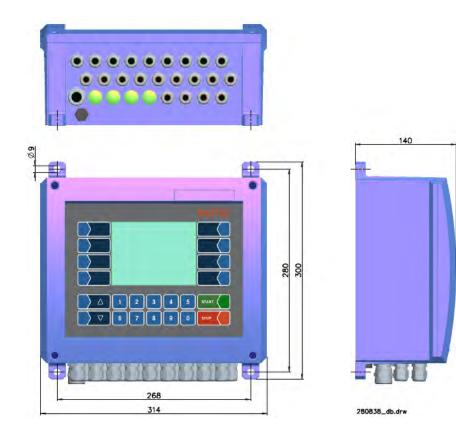


3.1 **Technical data**

Device specific data	
Nominal operating temperature	23 ± 2°C
Elektrical data	
Operating voltage	DC 24 V (9 - 36V) Bordnetz (load dump firm, stabilised)
CPU	
Processor	PowerPC [™] MPC8270 (266MHz)
Hard coded memory	FLASH: 256 MB FLASH (programm memory)
	SDRAM: 128 MB SDRAM (random accsess memory)
	SRAM: 4 MB (battery backed, power failure proof data memory)
Exchangeable data memory	Compact Flash: all sizes
Real time clock	Battery backed
Display / Keyboard	
Display	LC-graphic display, 120 x 89 mm, monochrome, transflective
	Resolution 320x240 pixel
	adjustable LED background lighting
Keyboard	Resistive touch

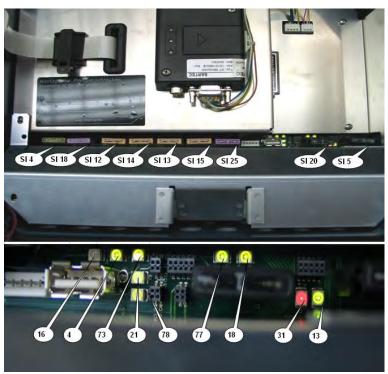
Current inputs	2 × DC 24 V 0/4 20 mA			
Voltage inputs	3 x DC 24 V, 0/4 - 20 mA			
Temperature sensors	2 x DC 24 V, 0 - 4V	1 x DC 12 V, 0 - 4V		
	2 x Pt 100, 4 conduction			
Pulser input	24V stabilized, max. 1kHz			
PWM-output	24V stabilized, max. 400Hz			
Analogue output (optional)	0/4 - 20 mA, R _B max. 500 Ω,	10 bit galvanically isolated		
Voltage outputs	16 x plus schaltend 1 A, 24	/ stabilisiert (3 A total)		
Digital inputs	8 x optically isolated, input re	esistance 2.6 K Ω , bipolar, solid state		
Pulse counting	3 channel max. 100 lmp/s, lr	nput optically isolated 5 kΩ pull-up		
Interface				
Interface printer	RS 232, RxD, TxD, CTS, RT	S, 115 K galvanically isolated		
Interface Fieldbus	P-NET RS485, 76800 baud,	P-NET RS485, 76800 baud, galvanically isolated		
Interface Bluetooth	Bluetooth 2.0 radio modul (C	Bluetooth 2.0 radio modul (Class 2), reach max. 20m		
Interface CAN	CAN 2.0 A/B, 250kBaud	CAN 2.0 A/B, 250kBaud		
	Communication profile: free	e protocol based on SAE J1939, FMS		
	CAN-Bus-termination: can b	be switched on and off		
Other	RS485, Ethernet 100 Mbit (a shake, 1x with handshake)	uf CPU), several RS232 (3x without hand		
Ambient conditions				
Operating temperature	- 20 + 50 °C			
Storage temperature	- 25 + 60 °C			
Climate classification	ISF according to DIN 40050			
Protective type	IP 65 according to DIN 4004	0		
Mechanical data				
Dimensions	See drawing			
Material	Aluminium pressure die cast	ing, coated blue		
Front screen	PES			
Weight	65 N (6,5 kg)			

3.2 Dimensions Compact Controller



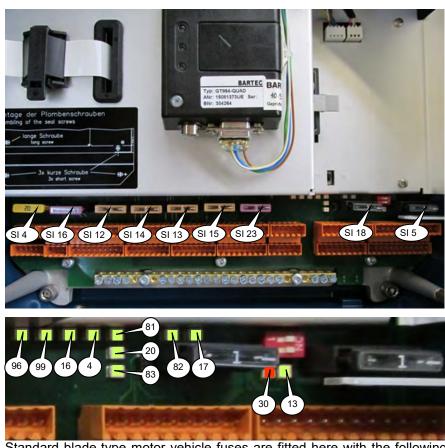
3.3 Blade-type fuses and LED displays on TIGER 3003 (on motherboard)

3.3.1 Motherboard without CAN-Bus



Standard blade-type motor vehicle fuses are fitted here with the following ratings:

Fuse no.	Rating	Voltage	Circuit/comments		
SI 4	20 A	20 A 24V_S Backup fuse for selective circuits SI18, SI12, SI13, SI14, SI15, SI25, SI5		114, SI15, SI25, SI5	
SI 5	1 A 24V_0 4-20mA inputs; empty signal sensor; voltage inputs; turbine; FGS				
SI 12	5 A +UB_1-4 Supply outputs 1-4; terminals 14-21				
SI 13	5 A +UB_5-8 Supply outputs 5-8; terminals 22-29				
SI 14					
SI 15	6I 15 5 A +UB_13-16 Supply outputs 13-16; terminals 84-91				
SI 18					
SI 20	0 1 A 24V_GPRS Supply for GPRS modem				
SI 25	SI 25 3 A PWM out Control of rotary pump, terminals 92-93				
	LED displays Status				
LED 4	5.5 supply for CPU, motherboard, electronic measuring equipment Lights up				
LED 13	Supply voltage 24 V O/12 V I analogue inputs Lights up			Lights up	
LED 16	μ Controller power supply "busy" Flashes			Flashes	
LED 18	USB communication, digital IN, analogue IO Flashes			Flashes	
LED 21	µ Contr	oller k_mif "bu	sy" (PT100, 4-20 mA, U_IN,)	Lights up	
LED 31	µ Contr	oller pulse cou	nter "busy"	Lights up	
LED 73	USB hu	b for GPRS, U	SB socket, P-Net	Lights up	
LED 77	USB co	mmunication,	P-Net, digital outputs	Flashes	
LED 78	µ Contr	oller k_pio "bu	sy" (P-Net, digital outputs)	Flashes	
LED CPU	То	p Supply	/ voltage	Lights up	
LED CPU	Botto	om Busy		Flashes	



Motherboard with CAN-Bus 3.3.2

Standard blade-type motor vehicle fuses are fitted here with the following ratings:

Fuse no.	Rating	Voltage	Circuit/comments
SI 4	20 A	24V_S	Backup fuse for selective circuits SI16, SI12, SI13, SI14, SI15, SI23, SI5
SI 5	1 A	24V_0	4-20mA inputs; voltage inputs; pressure sensors; bubble sensors; dipstick
SI 12	5 A	+UB_1-4	Supply outputs 1-4; terminals 14-21
SI 13	5 A	+UB_5-8	Supply outputs 5-8; terminals 22-29
SI 14	5 A	+UB_9-12	Supply outputs 9-12; terminals 76-83
SI 15	5 A	+UB_13-16	Supply outputs 13-16; terminals 84-91
SI 16	3 A	24V_COM	RS 485, GPS, printer, P-Net, RS 232, CAN-Bus
SI 18	1 A	24V_GPRS	Supply for GPRS modem
SI 23	3 A	PWM out	Control of rotary pump, terminals 92-93

		LED displays	Status			
LED 4	5.5 supply for	CPU, motherboard, electronic measuring equipment	Lights up			
LED 13	Supply voltage	e 24 V_O/12 V_I analogue inputs	Lights up			
LED 16	µ Controller po	ower supply "busy"	Flashes			
LED 17	USB communi	Flashes				
LED 20	µ Controller k	Lights up				
LED 30	μ Controller pu	Lights up				
LED 81	USB hub for G	USB hub for GPRS, P-Net, CAN, display				
LED 82	USB communi	ication, P-Net, digital outputs	Flashes			
LED 83	µ Controller k	pio "busy" (P-Net, digital outputs)	Flashes			
LED 96						
LED 99	µ Controller K	Flashes				
LED CPU	Тор	Supply voltage	Lights up			
LED CPU	Bottom	Busy	Flashes			

3.4 Compact Flash card



Direction CF



Attention:

Make sure the equipment is currentless before changing the Compact Flash card!

3.5 Exchanging the motherboard/CPU board

Type 6942-111 (without CAN-Bus), Order no.: U891176942111A

Type 6942-112 (with CAN-Bus), Order no.: U891176942112A



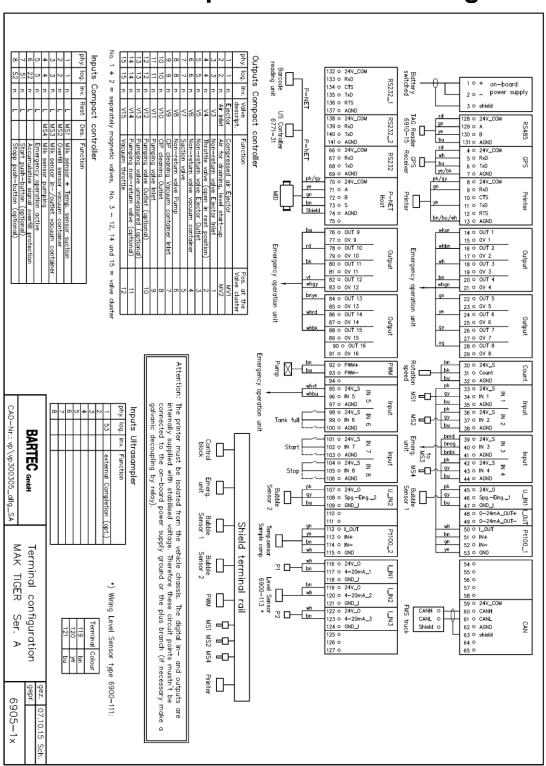
The following points must be noted when replacing the motherboard:

- The configuration can be transferred with the CompactFlash card. The configuration must first be saved on the CompactFlash card via the Service menu, then the configuration can be loaded from the CompactFlash card onto the new motherboard. Only if the calibration switch is closed will the calibration parameters not be loaded and will then have to be adjusted.
- To change the motherboard, the display must be unplugged (flip strip at end of ribbon cable), the terminal blocks disconnected, and the wires disconnected from the shield bar. The entire motherboard can now be unscrewed at all four corners (M6x12) and taken out.
- Apply heat transfer compound supplied with new motherboard and fit.



Attention:

If it is necessary to remove the cover - in order, for example, to check that the ribbon cable is in the correct position for the display - it is essential to remove the CompactFlash card first.



3.6 Compact Controller wiring

Note:

Note: Connections to external sources of voltage must be isolated. Plus and minus connections are required at each output.

13

3.6.1 Power supply



Attention:

Shielded 2.5 mm² cable (16 A fuse, earth and positive branch) is required for the 24 V power supply, including corresponding switch

The solenoid valves, all the measuring sensors and the ticket printer are supplied by the Controller (see general diagram on page 45).

3.6.2 Inputs

The inputs are user-configurable. The following assignment is recommended:

log.	inv.	Quiescent state	Designation	Function
1	n	L	MS1	Milk sensor + temperature intake
2	n	L	MS2	Vacuum tank overflow sensor
3	n	L	MS3	Milk sensor inlet/discharge vacuum tank
4	n	L	MS4	Milk sensor transfer pumping
5	n	L		Standby operation on
22	n	L		Group signal overfill monitor
51	n	Ĺ		Start button (optional)
52	n	L		Stop button (optional)

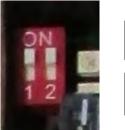
3.6.3 Outputs

The outputs are user-configurable. The following assignment is recommended:

log.	inv.	Valve designation	Function	Pos. in valve terminal
1	1	Ejector	Compressed air ejector	MV1
2	2	Air intake	Air for drainage, moving to level	MV2
3	3	V3	Ejector intake stop valve	1
4	4	V4	Restrictor valve (open in home position)	2
5	5	V5	Ejector outlet stop valve	3
6	6	V6	Vacuum tank stop valve	4
7	7	V7	Intake valve	5
8	8	V8	Pump stop valve	6
9	9	V9	Vacuum tank inlet cleaning valve	7
10	10	V10	Discharge cleaning valve	8
11	11	V11	Inlet transfer pumping valve	9
12	12	V12	Discharge transfer pumping valve (optional)	10
13	13	V13	Unmeasured transfer pump valve (optional)	
14	14	V14	Transfer pumping stop valve (optional)	11
15	15	V15	Vacuum restrictor	12

3.6.4 CAN bus termination (terminal resistor) (Series C)

The CAN bus line must be terminated at both ends. Using DIP switches (see picture below), the CAN bus termination/the terminating resistor on the compact controller can be switched on and switched off.





CAN bus termination deactivated or terminating resistors switched off.

CAN bus termination activated or terminating resistors switched on.



Attention:

CAN bus line:

It should be used a bus line which is isolated twisted and compliant to the CAN system (e.g. UNITRONIC BUS CAN 1x2x0.5 mm²).

CAN bus shielding:

The shield of the CAN bus line must be connected at one side.

CAN bus termination at FMS connection:

Via the DIP switch the CAN bus line must be terminated on the compact controller

3.6.5 Serial interfaces

3.6.5.1 Motherboard without CAN-Bus

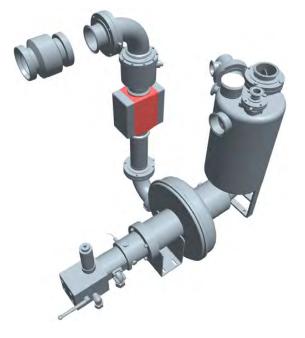
Designation	Terminals	Interface on the system
GPRS	White plug	dev/usb/ttyUSB0
Bluetooth	Display connector	dev/usb/ttyUSB1
GPS	4-7	dev/ttyS3 (not changeable)
Printer	8-13	dev/ttySM0
RS485/RS232	66-69	dev/ttyS4

Designation	Terminals	Interface on the system
GPRS	White plug	dev/usb/ttyUSB0
Bluetooth	Display connector	dev/usb/ttyUSB1
GPS	4-7	dev/ttyS3 (not changeable)
Printer	8-13	dev/ttySM0
RS232	66-69	dev/ttyS4
RS485	128-131	dev/ttyS2
RS232_1	132-137	dev/ttySM1
RS232_2	138-141	dev/ttyS5

3.6.5.2 Motherboard with CAN-Bus

Measuring system MAK TIGER 3003

Order no.: 279855



4.1 Introduction

The MAK TIGER $^{\otimes}$ measurement system for milk collection trucks is designed for mobile use during the collection of milk.

It is the first self-priming measurement system working without a gas separator.

A modern sensor system measures the air content which inevitably develops during milk collection and calculates it accordingly.

This creates a very efficient intake situation as the previously limiting element, the gas separator, is not required any longer, which allows to realize a higher pump performance.

It is only possible to use this new technology in an optimal way, however, if certain boundary conditions are observed for the construction of the tank truck, which means that the designer of the tank truck has a decisive influence on the result.



4

Note:

Several patent applications have been filed for this measurement method.

4.2 Piping

The measurement system MAK TIGER has an inlet and an outlet with DN 80 (optional DN 100) connections.

The remaining equipment is furnished by the superstructure builder for the tank trucks. These additional superstructures have a significant influence on the performance of the milk collection truck.

Please note:

If possible, avoid any:

- changes in cross-section
- abrupt bows
- rectangular pipe outlets
- T-pieces
- inwardly protruding welding seams
- rough inside walls of pipes
- fittings protruding into the pipe
- · everything that swirls the flow
- everything that impairs the flow

Particularly on the suction side, the piping system including the sampler and the flowmeter has to be carried out continuously in min. 3" to prevent pressure drops.

To maximize the transfer pump performance, the plumbing for the tank outlets, the tap and the transfer pump piping should have a diameter of at least DN 80. The transfer pump valve used by BARTEC BENKE corresponds to DN 80 (optional DN 100) in accordance with DIN 11850.

For the construction of the measurement system, it is of particular importance that the components of the measurement system are installed in a tension-free way. One possibility is to uncouple the pipework at suitable places by means of hose connections. If the components of the measurement system are fastened to different reference systems, these components have to be mounted by means of flexible fastening elements (e.g. rubber dampers).

4.3 System requirements

For an optimal functionality of the measurement system MAK TIGER, especially the following boundary parameters have to be observed for the construction of the milk collection truck:

- Hydraulic oil supply with at least 40 l/min, 200 bar, recommended oil HLP46 DIN 51524 T2 (Pourpoint under – 35°C)
- Installation of an oil filter with 10 µm and an overpressure protection with max. 2 bar for the return oil filter
- A suitably sized oil cooler should be provided for the hydraulic oil. The cooling capacity must be at least 2 KW (at a temperature difference of 30 °C and an oil flow of 40 l/min).
- The pneumatic supply must be designed for 600 nl/min. The oils and antifreeze agents used in the pneumatic system (incl. compressor) must be safe for use in food production processes.
- For the electronic components, a power supply line with a cross-section of 2,5 mm² must be laid. The operating voltage should be 24 Volt. For 12-volt systems, a suitable voltage converter has to be inserted.
- By means of a main switch, an all-pole separation of the electronic components from the supply voltage has to be provided.
- In cold weather, the measurement system cubicle has to be heated.
- If the ejector cannot be sufficiently heated by means of the cubicle heating, a heating jacket has to be provided.
- Hydraulic return at least 22 mm diameter for return lines with max. 5 m in length and at least 25 mm for return lines longer than 5 m

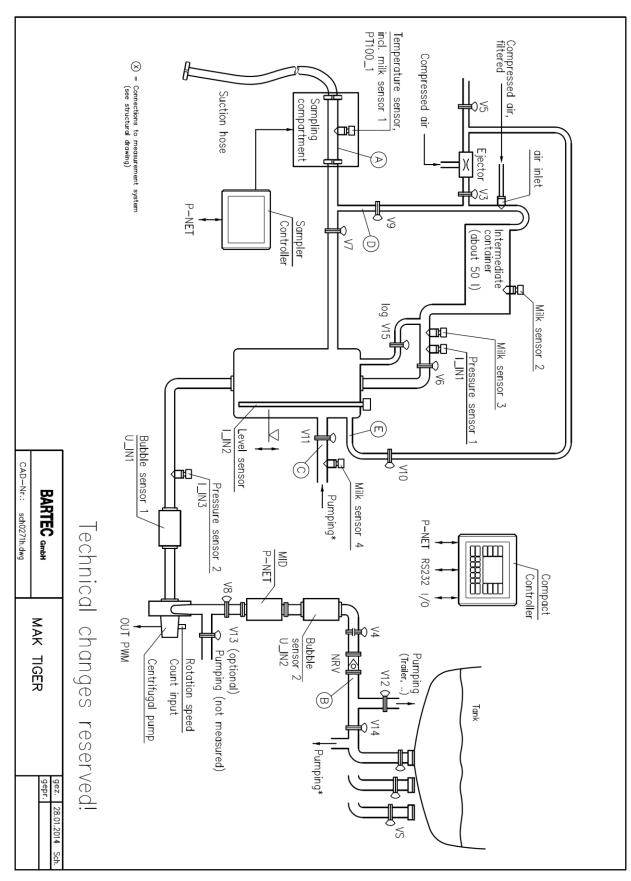


Attention:

The hydraulic return must not fall below an inner diameter of 18 mm!

4.4 Technical data

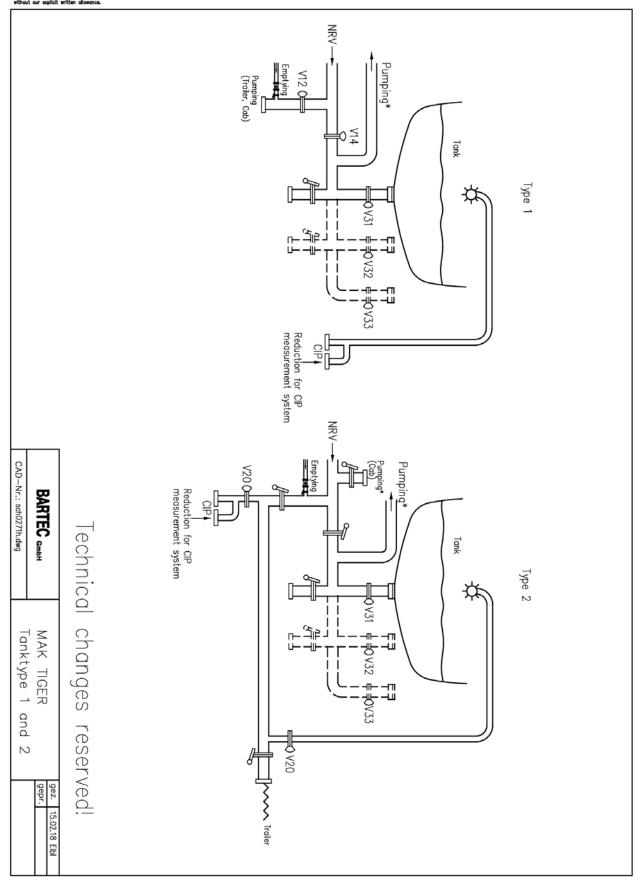
Measuring system-specific data				
Operating voltage	DC 24 V (9 - 36V) on-board power supply (load dump fixed, stabilized)			
Emergency operation	On-board power supply 24 V (valves)			
Compressed air _{Ejector}	5,6 bar (maintenance unit)			
Valve terminal	6 bar (maintenance unit)			
Compressed air / level	4 bar filter 0,01 μ			
Air consumption of ejector	approx. 500 nl/min @ 5,6 bar			
Suction power	typ. 1300 l/min during good intake conditions, max. 2000 l/min during pumping			
Drive	Hydraulic motor 23,7 cm³			
Flow rate of hydraulic oil	about 40 l/min @ 200 bar			
Speed	about 1500 revs/min			
Hydraulic connection	Forward side ≥ 16 mm , Return side ≥ 28 mm			
Hydraulic fluid	≥60 I with oil cooler, HVLP DIN51524 T3			
Connections level container	DIN 80 (optional DN 100) Clamp for pumping and sucking			
Precision	≤ 0,5 %			
Lowest intake quantity	100 I with 3" MID, optional 50 I with 2,5" MID			
CIP	yes; 🖇 max. 85 °C @ 2 bar			
Mechanical data				
Material of milk conduit	V ₂ A; PTFE; PEEK, POM			
Dimensions	See dimensional drawing			
Weight	approx. 230 kg			
Ambient conditions				
Operating temperature	0 + 85 °C medium; - 20 + 50 °C electronics			
Storage temperature	- 20 + 60 °C (without fluid)			
Protection type	IP 65			



4.5 Piping diagram

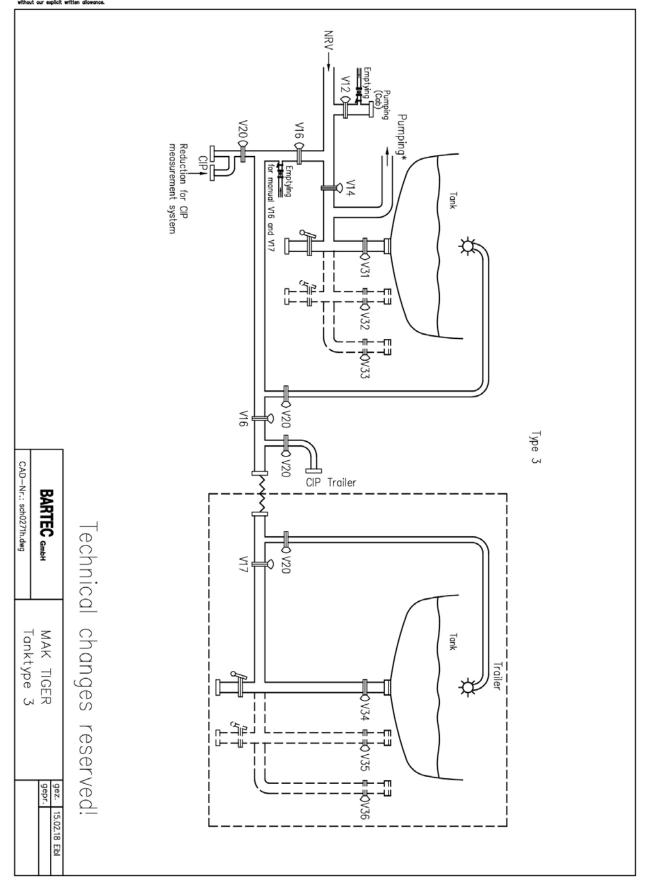
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4.6 Structure of the measurement system

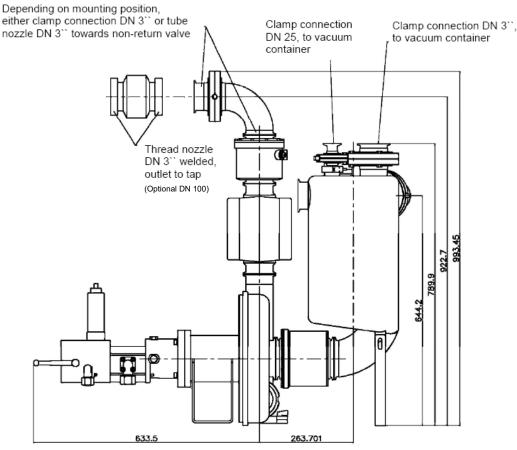
Basically, all TIGER measurement systems have the same structure (modular). They only differ slightly in the arrangement of the inlets and outlets. The arrangement and design of the vacuum container can be varied according to customer requirements. The vacuum container is not included in the delivery scope of the TIGER.

When designing the vacuum container, make sure it can be cleaned in place (CIP) and avoid any excessive suction (e.g. by means of shielding plates, see 4.4 Suggested design). Its minimum volume has to be 60 liters and it should rather be dimensioned too large than too small. For the design of the container, directive 2009/105 EC related to simple pressure vessels has to be complied with.

It is important that the vacuum container is drained automatically under all angles that the truck adopts during intake; for this purpose, it is mounted in a slanted position. The hydraulic block and the coupling housing of the pump have to be protected against milk or CIP fluid leaking out from the tap by means of a suitable protective cover.

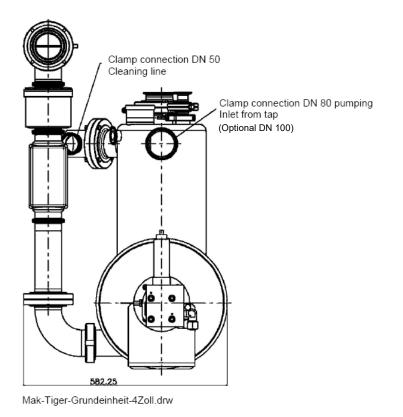
The pump and the level container have to be mounted in a tension-free and vibration-damped way. It is important always to observe the basic dimensions of the measurement system arrangement.

4.6.1 Measurement system basic set front view

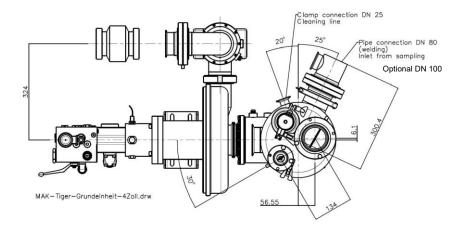


MAK-TIGER-GRUNDEINHEIT-4ZOLL.DRW

4.6.2 Measurement system, basic set, side view

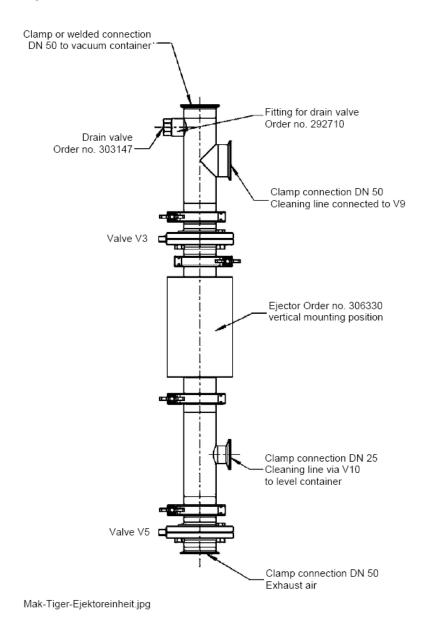


4.6.3 Measurement system, basic set, top view



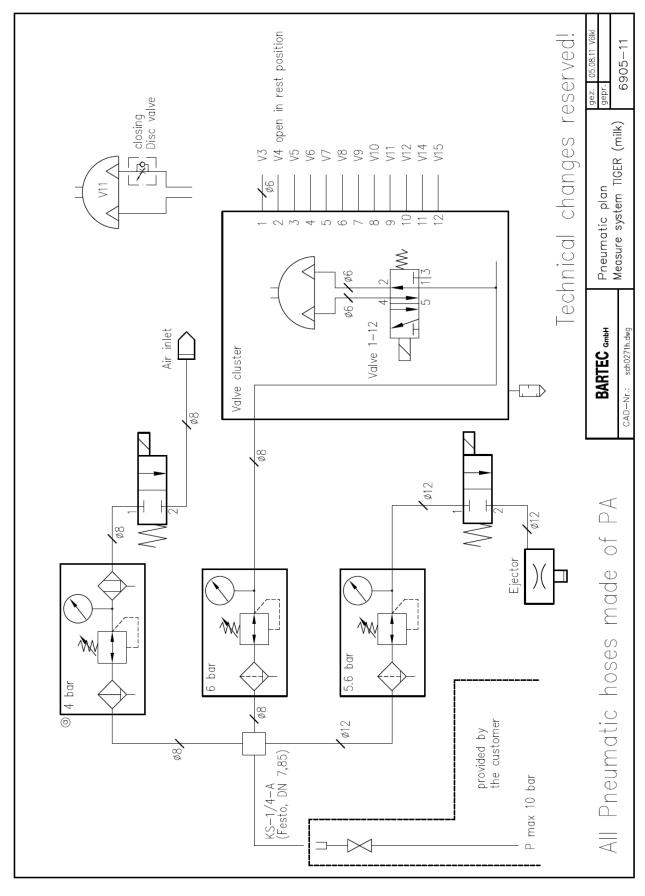
Measuring System MAK TIGER 3003 Service manual, SA 131128

4.6.4 Ejector unit



4.7 Pneumatic plan

BARTEC BENKE delivery scope



4.7.1 Information on the pneumatic system

In order to comply with food regulations, it is necessary to check the heavyduty filter on component 292870 (air intake filter unit) to ensure proper drainage of condensation and to check the contamination indicator for signs of discolouration once a week.

Weekly checks are also required on the ejector control valve, the ejector and the V3, V5 and V10 valves to ensure that they are all working correctly. This is simply done by vacuum testing.

Any components showing signs of abnormality (heavy-duty filter, ejector, valves, control valve) must be replaced immediately!



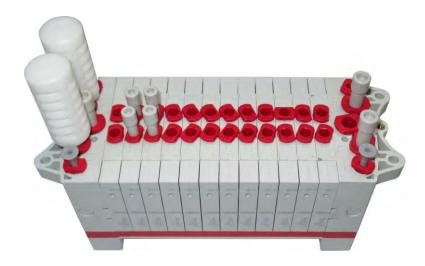
Caution:

It is illegal to operate the system with defective components under food regulations!

It is also essential to ensure that all the oils used in the pneumatic system and any additives which may get into the pneumatic system, including any antifreeze agents, are confirmed absolutely safe for use in food production processes and comply with the relevant standards.

4.8 Valve terminal

Order no.: 292868



4.8.1 Technical data

Electrical data				
Operating voltage	24 V DC 0.6 W			
Connection	25-pole cable			
Ambient conditions				
Operating temperature	-5 +50 °C			
Protection class	IP 65			
Mechanical data				
Housing specification	PPA copolymer			
Dimensions (excluding silencer and seal- ing plug)	127.2 x 78.5 x 56			
Operating pressure	Approx. 6 bar (max. 8 bar)			
Air supply connection	Ø 8 mm			
Valve air connection	Ø 6 mm			
Accessories				
Designation	Order no.			
Bracket for pneumatic unit	292852			
Substitute solenoid valve 5/2	292897			

4.9

Filter regulator

Order no.: 301644



4.9.1 Technical data

Device-specific data			
Operating pressure	Max. 12 bar		
Adjustment range	0.3 to 10 bar		
Air connections	IG 1/4"		
Ambient conditions			
Operating temperature -20 +50 °C			
Mechanical data			
Housing specification	РВТ		
Weight	0.28 kg		
Drainage	Manual		
Dimensions	224 x 75 x 69.5		

4.10 Service unit including heavy-duty filter

Order no.: 292870



4.10.1 Technical data

Device-specific data		
Operating pressure	Max. 12 bar	
Adjustment range	0.3 to 10 bar	
Air connections	Ø 8 mm	
Filter unit	0.01 μm	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	-20 +50 °C	
Mechanical data		
Housing specification	PBT	
Weight	0.48 kg	
Drainage	Manual	
Dimensions	224 x 120 x 69.5	

4.11

Ejector

Order no.: 305145



Technical data 4.11.1

Device-specific data			
Operating pressure Max. 7.5 bar, typ. 5.6 bar			
Compressed airflow	430 NI/min @ 5.6 bar		
Air connection	Ø 12 mm		
Ambient conditions			
Operating temperature -20 +80 °C			
Mechanical data			
Housing specification	Stainless steel		
Connection	DN 50 clamp		
Dimensions	225 x 108 x 108		
Accessories			
Designation	Order no.		
Ejector connection fitting 1/4"	391223		

4.12 Kinetrol (small)

Order no.: 304537



4.12.1 Technical data

Device-specific data				
Operating pressure	Max. 7 bar			
Air connection	IG 1/8"			
Ambient conditions				
Operating temperature	-20 +80 °C			
Mechanical data				
Housing specification	Epoxy resin, powder-coated			
Weight	0.44 kg			
Dimensions	93 x 76 x 70			
Accessories				
Designation	Order no.			
Angle bracket, small, DN 25	304814			
Threaded union QSML 1/8" 6 mm	202418			

4.13

Kinetrol (medium)

Order no.: 304536



Technical data 4.13.1

Device-specific data			
Operating pressure Max. 7 bar			
Air connection	IG 1/8"		
Ambient conditions			
Operating temperature	-20 +80 °C		
Mechanical data			
Housing specification Epoxy resin, powder-coated			
Weight	0.70 kg		
Dimensions 113 x 91.4 x 84			
Accessories			
Designation	Order no.		
Angle bracket, medium, DN 40 304815			
Angle bracket, medium, DN 50 306271			
Threaded union QSML 1/8" 6 mm 202418			

4.14 Kinetrol (large)

Order no.: 304535



4.14.1 Technical data

Device-specific data				
Operating pressure	Max. 7 bar			
Air connection	IG 1/8"			
Ambient conditions				
Operating temperature -20 +80 °C				
Mechanical data				
Housing specification	Epoxy resin, powder-coated			
Weight	1.24 kg			
Dimensions 136 x 112 x 93				
Accessories				
Designation	Order no.			
Angle brackets, large, DN 3" and DN 80	304816			
Threaded union QSML 1/8" 6 mm 202418				

4.15

Emergency operation unit type 6980-101

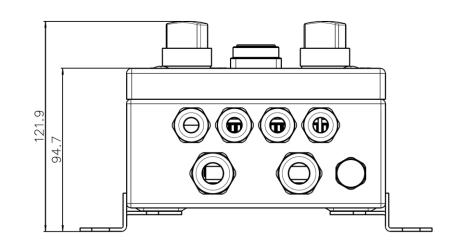
Order no.: 293901

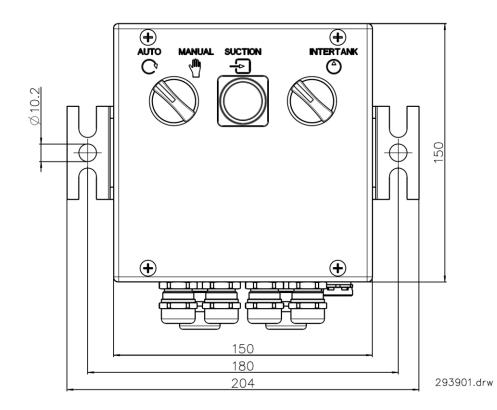


4.15.1 Technical data

Electrical data			
Operating voltage	24 - 30 V DC on-board power supply		
Supply line	Min. 2.5 mm ²		
Ambient conditions			
Operating temperature	-20 +50 °C		
Storage temperature	-25 +60 °C		
Climate class	ISF as per DIN 40040		
Protection class IP 65			
Mechanical data			
Veight Approx. 1.7 kg			
Dimensions	See scale drawing		

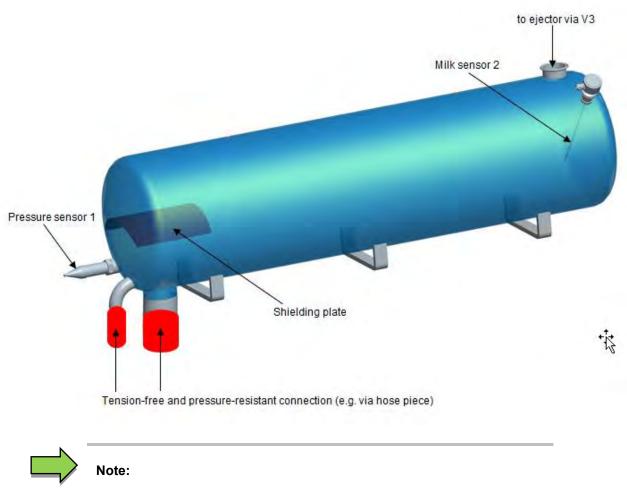
4.15.2 **Dimensions**





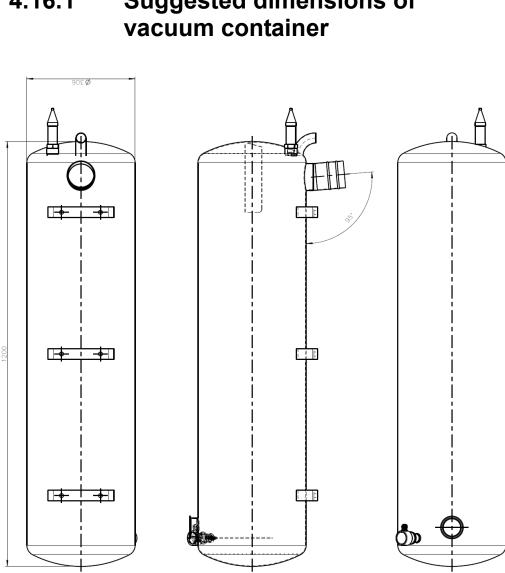
4.16 Suggested design of vacuum container

Not included in BARTEC BENKE delivery scope.

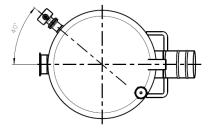


- Fasten the vacuum container via vibration decoupling (rubber damper)

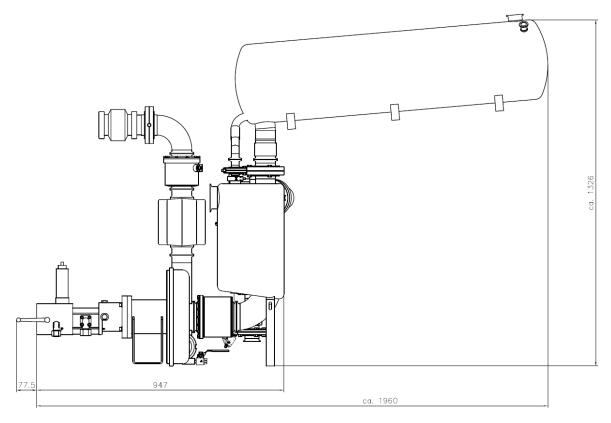
- Cut milk sensor 2 to a length of 15 cm and strip 3 cm of insulation from the bar.





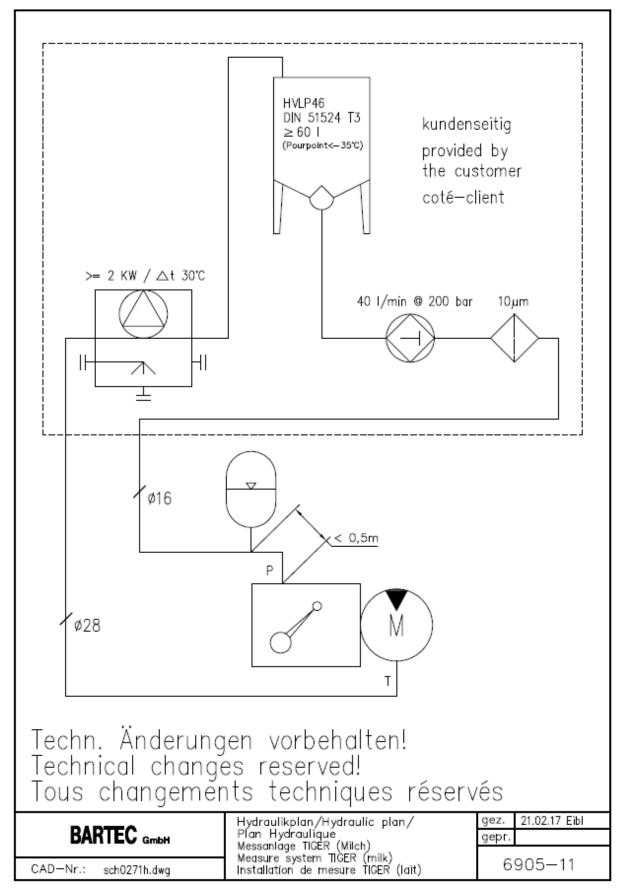


4.16.2 Dimensions of measurement system with suggested design

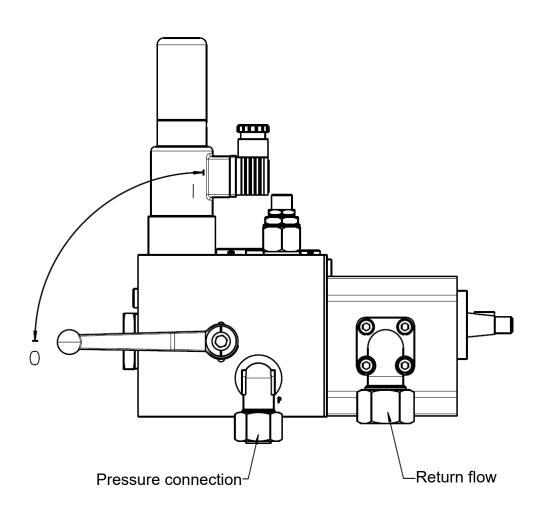


Mak-Tiger-4Zoll-kpl.jpg





4.17.1 Connection of hydraulic system to control block



303148.pdf

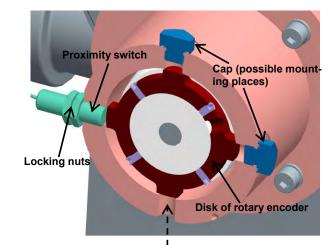
4.18 Mounting of rotation sensor to rotary pump

- Install the proximity switch before the pump inlet is closed as afterwards the pump can only be turned by hand.
- Turn the knob of the rotary encoder disk in front of the desired mounting opening and screw in the proximity switch to the stop.
- Then turn it back by approx. 0.75 to maximally 1 rotation and lock it with both nuts.
- If there is no signal, screw the proximity switch in again with a quarter turn.

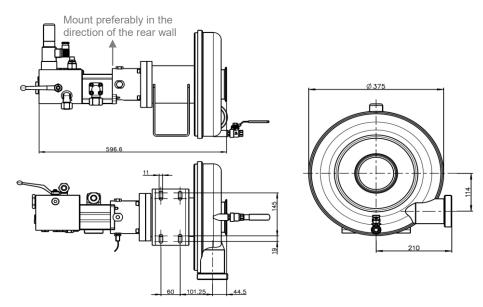


Attention:

Non-observance of these mounting instructions can result in the destruction of the proximity switch.



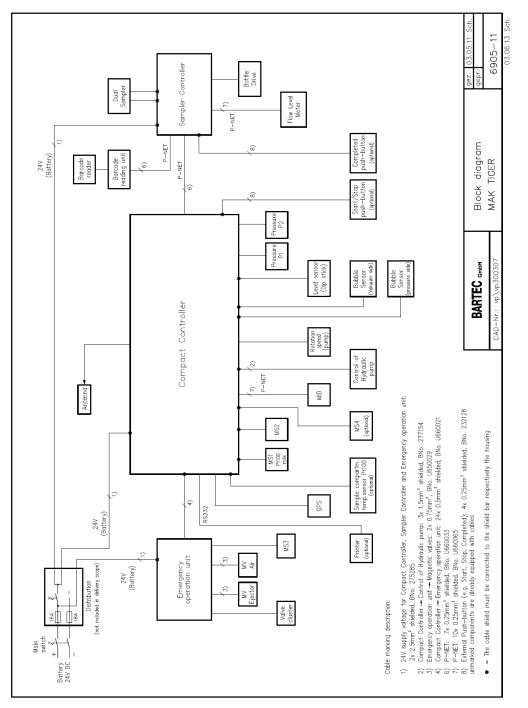
Bottom opening must be open



4.18.1 List of spare parts

Spare parts				
Designation	Order Number			
Rotary pump (incl. control block)	303148			
Seal kit for Packo pump MCP2 / 65-250	371308			
Welding socket	292938			
Gear motor for control block LT-30X44.1-K	367480			
Seal kit Gear Motor, LT-30X44.1-K	307788			
Ball valve	335128			
Proximity switch	U496004			
Gear motor for the control block, LT-70B21.0-K	374283			
Seal kit Gear Motor, LT-70B21.0-K	373885			
High-pressure WDR with molding disc, LT- 70B21.0-K	408781			

4.19 Electrical installation



4.19.1 Overview diagram



IMPORTANT - Mount GPS and modem antenna at the highest point of the truck, without any reception interferences.

4.19.2 **Terminal connections of Bottle Drive**

Terminal	Signal designation	Colour	Connected to
25	+24V on-board power supply, auxiliary supply for	Coloui	As required
25			As required
20	sensor system		
26	Digital input IN 1		As required
27	Digital input IN 2		As required
28	Digital input IN 3		As required
29	Digital input IN 4		As required
30	Digital input IN 5		As required
31	Digital input IN 6, (bottle in position)	bl	Bottle Drive
32	Digital input IN 7, (star in position)	wire jumper	P-Star (terminal 49)
33	Digital input IN 8, (bottle down)	pi/wh	Bottle Drive
34	0 V on-board power supply, reference ground for		As required
	IN 1-8		
42	Signal M-Up, bottle lifting motor	bn	
43	Signal M-Down, bottle lifting motor	rd	
44	Signal M-Outlet, engine of outlet cassette	ye	
45	Signal M-Inlet, motor of inlet cassette	gn	
46	Signal M-star, motor of star wheel drive	rs	
47	Signal P-star, self-holding contact for star wheel drive	pk	
48	Ground reference potential for signal P-star	gywh	
49	Signal P-star, feedback signal	wire jumper	IN 7 (terminal 32)
50	+ 24 V on-board power supply line for bottle drive	bk	
51	GND on-board power supply line for bottle drive	bnwh	
<u>ا</u>	Shield connection for bottle drive cable		
⊕ 52	Shield connection on-board power supply cable		
52	+ 24 V on -board power supply feed-in		Truck battery+
53	GND on-board power supply feed-in		Truck battery -
54	+ 24 V on-board power supply output	rd 1,5 mm ²	Terminal 39, sampler board
55	AGND on-board power supply output	bu 1,5 mm ²	Terminal 40, sampler board
56	+ 44 V operating voltage output for sampler 1	bk 1,5 mm ²	Terminal 41, sampler board

Bottle Drive with pneumatic lifting device type 6774-10 Inputs/ Outputs of Ultrasampler type 6771-31

Terminal connections of Bottle Drive 4.19.3 Mini

Bottle Drive Mini type 6774-12 Outputs of Ultrasampler type 6771-31

Terminal	phy.	log.	inv.	Function
6	1			
7	2	82		Bottle UP/DOWN
8	3	83		Bottle transport
9	4	84		Magnetic plate motor (via relais)
10				Reference ground for OUT 1-4
11	5			
12	6			
13	7			
14	8			
15	Ð			Reference ground for OUT 5-8

4.19.4 Terminal connections of Bottle Drive ABO

Outputs of Ultrasampler type 6771-31

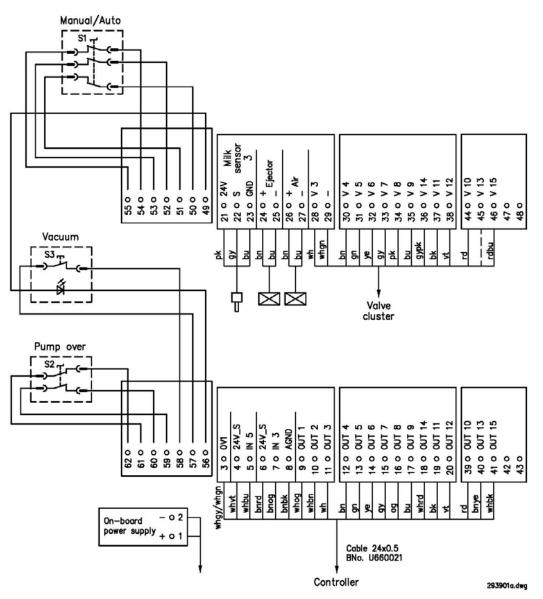
Terminal	phy.	log.	inv.	Function
6	1	81		Clip OPEN/CLOSE
7	2	82		Clip UP/DOWN
8	3	83		Bottle transport
9	4	84		Magnetic plate motor
10				Reference ground for OUT 1-4
11	5			
12	6			
13	7			
14	8			
15	Ð			Reference ground for OUT 5-8

4.19.5 Terminal connections of Bottle Drive Schwarte Monotrans

Outputs of Ultrasampler type 6771-31

Terminal	phy.	log.	inv.	Function
6	1			
7	2	82		Lower filling head
8	3	83		Bottle transport
9	4	84		Magnetic plate motor (via relay)
10	Ð			Reference ground for OUT 1-4
11	5			
12	6			
13	7			
14	8			
15	\bigcirc			Reference ground for OUT 5-8





5 Temperature probe with milk sensor series B type 6703-11

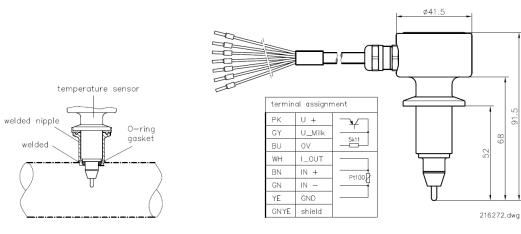
Order no.: 216272



5.1 Technical data

Electrical data		
Operating voltage	DC 24 V (+ 10 20 %), 50 mA	
Connection	5 m cable (wire end ferrules)	
Milk sensor output	Positive switching (DC +24 V) impulse current \leq 20 mA	
Milk sensor alternating voltage	12 V AC, approx. 1.5 kHz	
Milk sensor switching threshold	Approx. 500 Ω	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	- 20 + 60 °C / briefly up to + 80° C	
Sensor element temperature range	- 20 + 100 °C	
Protection class	IP 65 (Verguss)	
Mechanical data		
Housing specification	V ₂ A 1.4301	
Weight	0.5 kg	
Fitting	DN 20 clamp	
Specific data		
Measuring element	Pt 100 DIN IEC 751 class A	

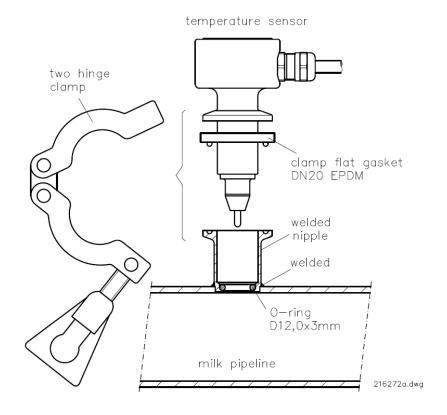
5.2 Dimensions



5.3 Assembly/installation

Follow the instructions below for installation in the milk pipeline by means of welded nipple type 6701-00-021:

- Weld the nipple into the milk pipeline, mask joints and clean.
- Apply a light coating of grease to O-ring D 12,0 x 3,0 VMQ 70 FDA (Best.Nr. 335326) (attached to temperature probe), insert it in the welded nipple and, using a fingertip, fit it carefully in the O-ring groove at the front end. Adjust and use fingertip to check that it is seated evenly.
- Fit clamp-type flat gasket DN 20 EPDM on tip of probe and insert probe carefully in welded nipple as far as it will go, making slight turns to the left/right to ease it in.
- Lock the probe in position with the two-hinged clamp, tightening the wing bolt by hand only.



Measuring System MAK TIGER 3003 Service manual, SA 131128

6

Milk sensor, series A type 6703-17

Order no.: 303502

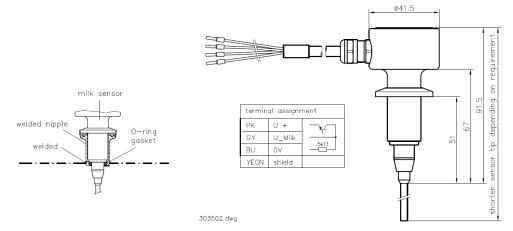
The milk sensor type 6703-17 is used in conductive liquids to measure the level. The wall of the tank or pipe is used to counter the charge. The electrode rod can be shortened to any length.



6.1 Technical data

Electrical Data		
Operating voltage	DC 24 V (+ 10 20 %), 50 mA	
Connection	Cable 5 m (conductor and sleeves)	
Output milk sensor	Plus-switching (DC +24 V)	
	Switching current \leq 20 mA	
Threshold level of milk sensor	Approx. 500 Ω	
AC voltage of milk sensor	12 V AC, approx.1.5 kHz	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature/sensor element	- 20 + 60 °C/briefly up to + 80 °C	
Storage temperature	- 30 + 70 °C	
Protection type	IP 65	
Mechanical Data		
Weight	0,5 kg	
Casing	V _{2A} 1.4301	
Assembly	Clamp DN 20	

6.2 Dimensions



Measuring System MAK TIGER 3003 Service manual, SA 131128

6.3 Assembly/installation

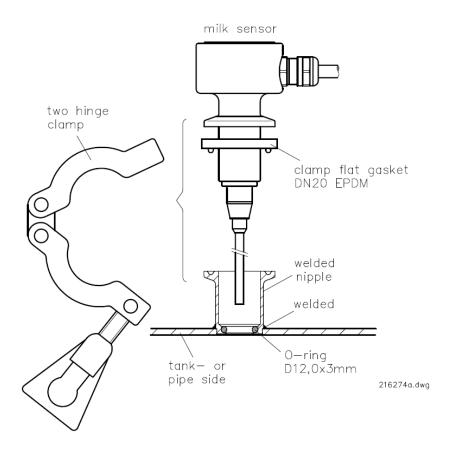
Follow the instructions below for installation in the wall of the tank or pipe using welded socket type 6701-00-021:

- Weld the socket into the wall of the tank or pipe, mask joints and clean.
- Apply a light coating of grease to O-ring D 12,0 x 3,0 VMQ 70 FDA (order no. 335326) (attached to milk sensor), insert it in the welded socket and, using a fingertip, fit it carefully in the O-ring groove at the front end. Adjust and use fingertip to check that it is seated evenly.
- Using a hacksaw, carefully cut the electrode rod on the milk sensor to the <u>required length</u> and strip the isolation approx. 1.5 cm, taking care not to damage the insulation, then smooth and finish the cut surface.

Required length:

If fitted in the pipe, the sensor tip should go to the middle of the pipe; if fitted elsewhere, it should end where required according to the function.

- Fit clamp-type flat gasket DN 20 EPDM on the sensor tip and insert sensor carefully in the welded socket as far as it will go, making slight turns to the left/right to ease it in.
- Lock the sensor in position with the two-hinged clamp, tightening the wing bolt by hand only.



7 Milk sensor, series B type 6703-16

Order no.: 275354

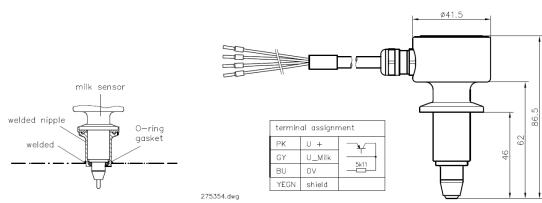
The milk sensor type 6703-16 signals when milk is in the pipe via a positive output.



7.1 Technical data

Electrical data		
Auxiliary power	DC 24 V (+ 10 20 %), 50 mA	
Connection type	5 m cable (wire end ferrule)	
Milk sensor output	Positive (DC + 24 V) Switching current ≤ 20 mA	
Milk sensor switching threshold	Approx. 500 Ω	
Milk sensor alternating voltage	12 V AC, approx. 1.5 kHz	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature/sensor element	- 20 + 60 °C / briefly up to + 80 °C	
Storage temperature	- 30 + 70 °C	
Protection class	IP 65 (grouting)	
Mechanical data		
Weight	0.5 kg	
Housing specification	V _{2A} 1.4301	
Fitting	Clamp DN 20	

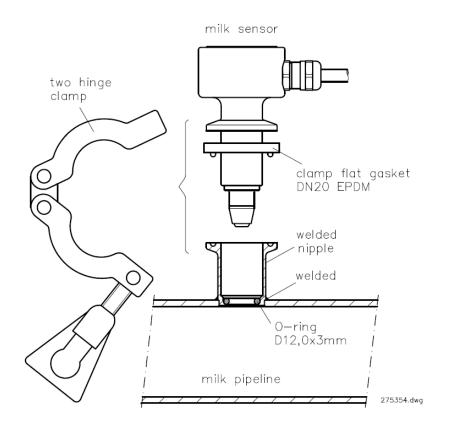
7.2 Dimensions



7.3 Assembly/installation

Follow the instructions below for installation in the milk pipeline by means of welded socket type 6701-00-021:

- Weld the socket into the milk pipeline, mask joints and clean.
- Apply a light coating of grease to O-Ring D 12,0 x 3,0 VMQ 70 FDA (Best.Nr. 335326) (attached to temperature probe), insert it in the welded socket and, using a fingertip, fit it carefully in the O-ring groove at the front end. Adjust and use fingertip to check that it is seated evenly.
- Fit clamp-type flat gasket DN 20 EPDM on tip of probe and insert probe carefully in welded socket as far as it will go, making slight turns to the left/right to ease it in.
- Lock the probe in position with the two-hinged clamp, tightening the wing bolt by hand only.



8

Milk sensor, series B type 6703-15

Order no.: 216274

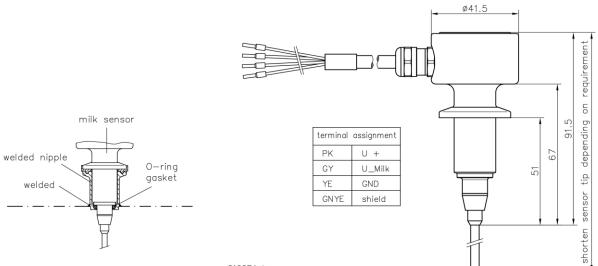
Milk sensor 6703-15 delivers a milk output proportional output span.



8.1 Technical data

Elektronical data		
Auxiliary energy	DC 24 V (+ 10 20 %), 50 mA	
Connection type	Cable 5 m (wire end ferrule)	
Output (U_Milk)	Analog 0,0 2,1 V	
Measuring range	0 5 ΚΩ	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature/sensor element	- 20 + 60 °C/briefly until + 80 °C	
Store temperature	- 30 + 70 °C	
Protection class	IP 65 (grouting)	
Mechanical data		
Weight	0,5 kg	
Housing specification	V _{2A} 1.4301	
Fitting	Clamp DN 20	

8.2 Dimensons



216274.dwg

8.3 Assembly/Installation

Installation in the tank or pipe wall by means of welding socket Type 6701-00-021 as follows:

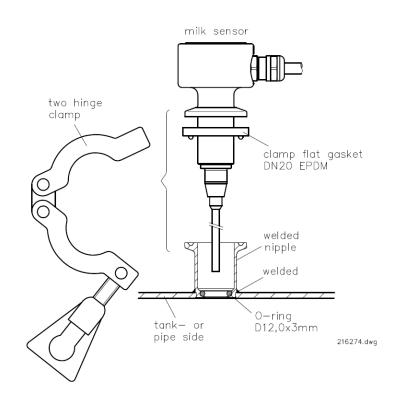
- Weld the welding socket into the tank or pipe wall, smooth and clean the seams.
- Slightly grease the O-ring D 12.0 x 3.0 VMQ 70 FDA (Order No. 335326) supplied with the milk sensor, insert it into the welding socket and insert it carefully with the fingertip into the O-ring groove at the front end. Check correct, even fit by fingertip scanning.

Carefully cut the electrode rod of the milk sensor with an iron saw to the required length without damaging the insulation and strip off approx. 1.5 cm. Then deburr and smooth the interface.

Required length:

When installed in the pipe, the measuring tip should end in the middle of the pipe, when installed in other containers according to functional requirements.

- Push the clamp gasket DN 20 EPDM onto the sensor tip and carefully insert the sensor into the weld-in socket with slight left / right turns as far as it will go.
- Locking the sensor with a double-jointed clamp, only tighten the thumbscrew "hand-tight".



9

Pressure sensor G ¹/₂"

Order no.: 292600

The pressure sensor is used to measure relative pressures in viscous liquids and gases.



9.1 Technical data

Electrical data		
Operating voltage	24 V DC	
Output signal	4 20 mA	
Measuring range	-1/+2 bar	
Connection	2-wire	
Ambient conditions		
Fluid temperature	-20 +90 °C	
Operating temperature	-20 +80 °C	
Mechanical data		
Housing specification	Nickel chromium steel 1.4301	
Specification of parts coming into contact with fluid	Nickel chromium steel 1.4435	
Connecting cable	5 metres	
Range of application	Pressure relief up to max. 10 bar	
Housing dimensions	Approx. Ø 30 x 100 mm	
Fitting	Welded socket 1/2"	
Accessories		
Designation	Order no.	
Pressure sensor mounting	292601	

10 Bubble Sensor 3", series A type 6900-17

Order no.: 294298

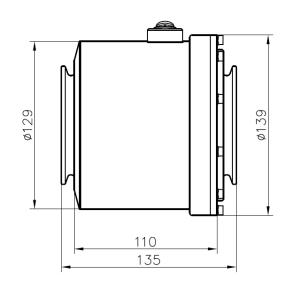
The 3" air bubble sensor is used for precise online detection of air pockets still existing in the milk intake.

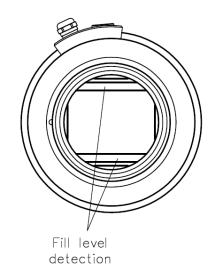


10.1 Technical data

Device-specific data		
Measuring ranges	0 30 % air (in case of homogeneous liquid)	
Accuracy/resolution	2 % / 0.3 %	
Rated conditions	23 °C ± 2 °C, 1,013 hPa	
Other machine-related data	Flow-calming section 5 x nominal diameter	
Electrical data		
Auxiliary power	DC 24 V \pm 5 %, 50 mA	
Connection type	Cable approx. 7 m	
Inputs and outputs	2.5 0 V fill level	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	0 80 °C, fluid, - 10 + 50 °C electronics	
Storage temperature	- 10 + 50 °C (empty)	
Climate class	IWF as per DIN 40040	
Protection class	IP 66 as per DIN 40050	
Ambient pressure	950 … 1,050 hPa	
Internal pressure	100 … 2,000 hPa	
Mechanical data		
Dimensions	See scale drawing	
Nominal widths	NW 3"	
Weight	Approx. 35 N (3.5 kg)	
Housing specification	1.4301	
Fixing	Clamp	







11 Bubble sensor 4", series A type 6900-19

Order no.: 294386

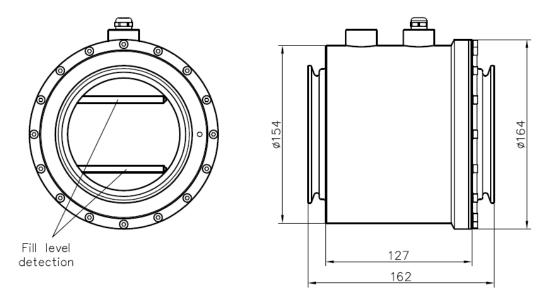
The 4" air bubble sensor is used for precise online detection of air pockets still existing in the milk intake.



11.1 Technical Data

Device-specific data		
Measuring ranges	0 30 % air (in case of homogeneous liquid)	
Accuracy/resolution	2 % / 0.3 %	
Rated conditions	23 °C ± 2 °C, 1,013 hPa	
Other machine-related data	Flow-calming section 5 x nominal diameter	
Electrical data		
Auxiliary power	DC 24 V ± 5 %, 50 mA	
Connection type	Cable approx. 7 m	
Inputs and outputs	2.5 0 V fill level	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	0 80 °C, fluid, - 10 + 50 °C electronics	
Storage temperature	- 10 + 50 °C (empty)	
Climate class	IWF as per DIN 40040	
Protection class	IP 66 as per DIN 40050	
Ambient pressure	950 … 1,050 hPa	
Internal pressure	100 2,000 hPa	
Mechanical data		
Dimensions	See scale drawing	
Nominal widths	NW 4"	
Weight	Approx. 60 N (6.0 kg)	
Housing specification	1.4301	
Fixing	Clamp	

11.2 Dimensions



Note:

Please take into account when installing the sensor that the open ends of the electrodes face downwards.

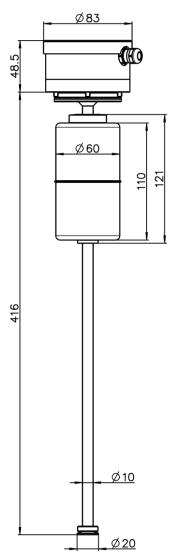
12 Level sensor type 6900-111

Order no.: 308328

12.1 Technical data

Electrical data		
Output current	4 20 mA	
Supply voltage	DC 24 V ± 4 V	
Connection	5 m cable (wire end ferrules)	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	-40 +80 °C	
Mechanical data		
Housing specification	Stainless steel	
Protection class	IP 68	
Dimensions	See drawing	

Dimensions of level sensor



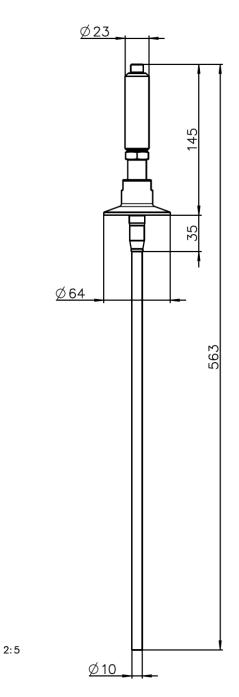
13 Level sensor without float type 6900-113

Order no.: 362583

13.1Technical data

Electrical data			
Output current 4 20 mA		A	
Supply voltage	DC 24 V ±	DC 24 V ± 4 V	
Connection M12-plug 4		l-pole	
Ambient conditions			
Operating temperature -40 +70		°C	
Storage temperature -40 +85		°C	
Medium temperature -10 +14		0 °C, 143 °C max. 120 Min.	
Mechanical data			
Housing specification	Housing specification Stainless s		
Protection class	IP 69K		
Process connection Tri-clam		ıp 2"	
Dimensions See drawin		ng	
Accessories			
Designation		Order no.	
Sensor-Connection cable M12 5 m		365282	
Seal Clamp DN50		304621	
Clamp-bracket DN2"/50		U495080	
Level sensor without flout complete, type 6900-113		362728	

Dimensions of level sensor



14 Flow Meter MID type 6823-x

Order no .: see technical data

Magnetic-inductive MID flow rate meters, type 6823-x, are precision sensors designed to measure the volume of electrically conductive liquids. Their robust build and material specification make them particularly suitable for flow measurement applications in areas subject to strict hygiene standards, such as the measurement of milk quantities on collection vehicles. All the products can be calibrated.

14.1 Technical data

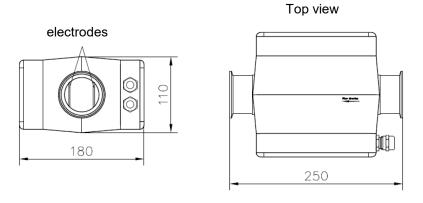
Specifical Data							
Measure range	100 l/min to 2000 l	/min, depending on	version see table				
Accuracy	≤ 0,3 % (In the abo	≤ 0,3 % (In the above measuring range)					
Conductivity	> 5 µS/cm	> 5 µS/cm					
Pressure	max. 10bar						
Electrical Data							
Auxiliary voltage	24V DC ±15%						
Power consumption	max. 6W						
Outputs	PNET/ 3-Chanal (c	pen collector)					
	0 – 1000 Hz						
Pulse output	volumetric measure	ement signal for co	unter				
	indication of the cu	indication of the current flow					
	as 1 channel pulse	as 1 channel pulse output with direction signal and error signal					
3 channel pulse output	as 2- or 3 channel pulse output						
Analog output	4 20 mA (extern	al source)					
Connection	7 m connection cal	ble10x0,25mm² shi	elded, with open e	ends			
	PG11 cable bushir	ngs, internal screw-	type terminals.				
Connection cable assignment	MID-terminal	Wire color	Signal				
	1	pk/gy	+24V				
	2	Shield	GND				
	7	wh	+ Display				
	8	bu	- Display				
	13	bn	S				
	14	gn	В	P-NET			
	15	ye	A				
	16	vt	Output 3	Output 3			
	17	bk	GND	Output 3			

Connection three-channel pulse output						
	MID (terminal)	1 channel	2 channel 90°	3 channel 120°		
	3 – 4	Phase 1	Error	Phase 1		
	18 – 17	Error	Phase 1	Phase 2		
	16 – 17	UP/DOWN	Phase 2	Phase 3		
Ambient conditions						
Admissible operating temperature	-10 +50°C					
Admissible storage temperature	-10 +50°C					
Protection class	IP 67					
Mechanical data						
Dimensions	See drawing					
Weight	Approx 5kg					
Material	Stainless steel t	Stainless steel teflon coated, stainless steel, PPO Noryle				
Connection	Clamp NW 2", N	Clamp NW 2", NW 2,5", NW 3" ISO 2852				

Order info	rmation MID							
	K 3003		3002		Flow min.	Flow	Mini-	Count-
Device type	Order No	Device type	Order No	Connect		max.	mum flow	ry
		6823-1	U950 20 68231	NW 2"	25 l/min	500 l/min	20	D, A, CH
		6823-3	U950 20 68233	NW 2"	66 l/min	660 l/min		NL
		6823-4	U950 10 68234	NW 2,5"	75 l/min	1000 l/min	50 I	D, A, CH
		6823-4.1 (für V2000)	U950 10 682341	NW 2,5"	75 l/min	1000 l/min	50 I	D, A, CH
		6823-4.2	247094	NW 2,5"	100 l/min	1250 l/min	100 I	D
6823-4.3	387985			NW 2,5"	83 l/min	1333 l/min	50 I	D, A, CH
		6823-5	215774	NW 2,5"	83 l/min	1167 l/min	50 I	NL
		6823-6	242839	NW 3"	50 l/min	2000 l/min	100 I	NL
		6823-9.1	247093	NW 3"	100 l/min	1400 l/min	200 I	D
6823-9.2	301246			NW 3"	200 l/min	2000 l/min	100 I	
		6823-9.3	303361	NW 3"	200 l/min	2000 l/min	200 I	D
		6823-15	U950 20 682315	NW 2"	25 l/min	500 l/min	50 I	В
		6823-16 ****	U950 10 682316	NW 2,5"	75 l/min	1000 l/min	50 I	D
		6823-17 ****	U950 10 682317	NW 2"	25 l/min	500 l/min	20	D
		6823-19	U950 20 682319	NW 2,5"	75 l/min	1000 l/min	100 I	В
		6823-18	U950 20 682318	NW 2"	25 l/min	500 l/min	20	D
		6823-19.1	U950 20 6823191	NW 2,5"	75 l/min	1000 l/min	50 I	В
		6823-20 **	U950 20 682320	NW 3"	100 l/min	2000 l/min	200 I	NZ
		6823-25	U950 20 682325	NW 2,5"	75 l/min	100 l/min	50 I	D
		6823-28 *	U950 20 682328	NW 2"	25 l/min	500 l/min	20	PL

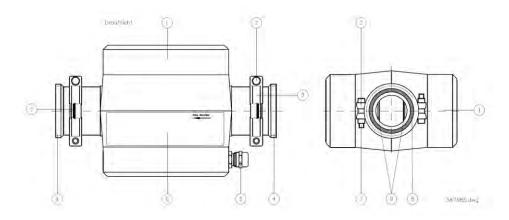
68

14.2 Dimensions



407364.dwg

14.3 Assembly/installation

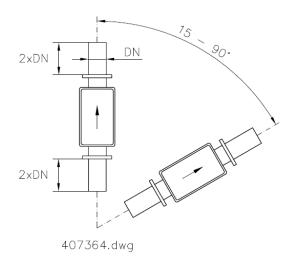


1	cover	5	flat gasket	9	electrodes
2	fastening clamp	6	type plate		
3	cable feed	7	hexagon head screw		
4	connection	8	sealing ring		

The flowmeter can be mounted in the flow direction rising 15 ° to 90 °. The position of the EMF must be chosen so that it is always filled with liquid, installed after the air separator and at the point with the maximum pressure in the pipeline.

It is strictly mandatory to provide a straight flow-calming section upstream and downstream of the MID of L \geq 2 x nominal diameter D.

Installation



The positive direction of flow is indicated by an arrow on the type plate (6).

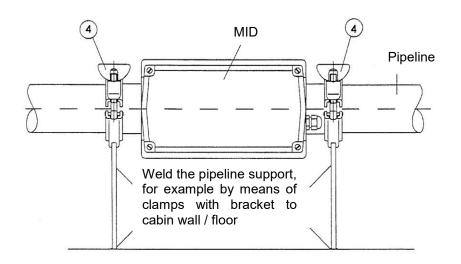
Flow direction

Installation position:

Horizontal/flat, rising slightly in the direction of flow so as to allow trapped gases to escape, or vertical.

May only be operated with flow-calming section on both sides of $L \ge 2 \text{ x D}$.

There must be not be any mechanical forces on the flow rate meter either during assembly/disassembly or during operation. The pipes which are connected to the unit on both sides must therefore be duly supported (see diagram below).



Installation location:

- At the lowest point of the pipe system, rising slightly in the direction of flow
- Position at which the MID is always filled with liquid.
- Reduce amount of gas in the liquid to a minimum as entrained air can also affect the flow measurement. Therefore install the flow rate meter in the pipe system at the point of maximum pressure where the air volume is minimal.
- After air separator, if air can be sucked in.
- The ambient temperature at the place of installation must be within the permissible range of -10...+50°C. The liquid flow (measuring medium, cleaning fluid) through the device must not exceed the maximum temperature for CIP cleaning 100 ° C.
- Position the flow rate meter so that it can be easily accessed for servicing.
- The electrodes in the MID always have to be aligned vertically.

• Important information for assembly/disassembly:

When installing MID units with dairy pipe thread connections, it is essential to follow the instructions below in the order listed in order to prevent strong mechanical forces on the MID unit (which can damage or destroy the unit).

Installation:

• First remove the threaded milk pipe adapter, if still attached to the MID. To do this, open the fastening clamps (2) on both sides and remove the pipe connections from the MID.



Attention:

Do not lose the seals and put them back carefully when reassembling.

- First screw the threaded milk pipe adapters with the union nuts on both sides of the pipe connections.
- Then fit the MID (not forgetting the flat gaskets (5)) and secure with the fastening clamps (2). It might be easier if the pipe supports/anchors are slightly loosened first. ⇒ Tighten again at the end.

Disassembly:

- First take out the MID by removing the fastening clamps (2) on both sides. It might be easier if the pipe supports/anchors are slightly loosened first.
- If necessary at this point, take off the threaded milk pipe adapters by undoing the union nuts.



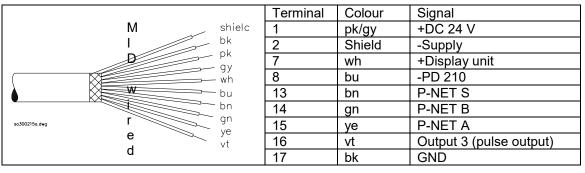
Attention:

Do not lose the seals and put them back carefully when reassembling.

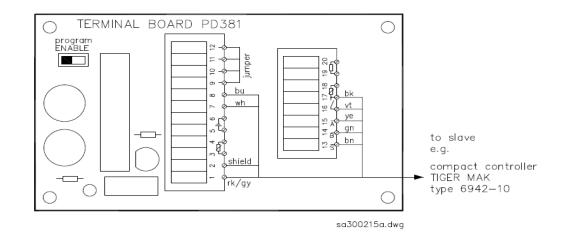
14.4

Wiring

The MID is supplied as standard with 5 m of cable which is connected as shown on the diagram below. Please follow the directions for use of the follow-on device when wiring.



with P-NET, pulse output connection and display unit connection.



14.5 Maintenance and servicing

The usual cleaners approved for use with food in the dairy industry can be used to clean the flow rate meter.

The cleaning fluid passing through the system must not exceed the temperature limit of max. + 100 $^\circ\text{C}.$

15 V2000 Modul, type 6757-14 Ser. A

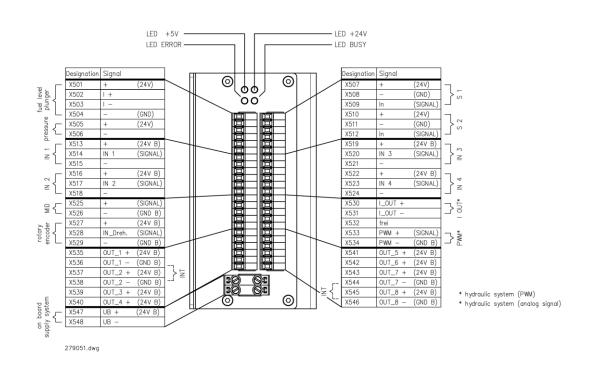
Order-No. 279051

The V 2000 module, type 6757-14 Ser. A, forms the heart of the control unit with power unit for the measuring system system V 2000 and V3003.



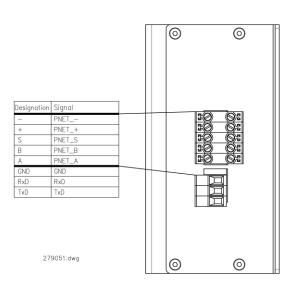
15.1 Technical data

Specifical Data	
Normal conditions	23 ± 2 °C
Elektrical data	
Elektronics	
Operation voltage	DC 24 V ± 5 % Reversible fuse 1,1 A
Current consumption	100 mA
Operating voltage of sensors	DC 24 V ± 5 % (internal voltage) Reversible fuse 50 mA for each sensor input
Operating voltage I/O and PWM	DC 24 V on-board supply system Reversible fuse 2 x 4A (4 outputs each) Reversible fuse 3 A für PWM
Current consumption I/O	Max. 8 A
Outputs switch function	
Quantity	2 x 4
Galvanic isolation	Optocoupler 2500 VRMS
Frequency	Max. ≤ 10 kHz
Switching level	0/24-V on-boarder supply system
Current per output	1A DC, short-circuit-proof
Switch type	High side solid state (MOSFET)
Frequency inputs	
Frequency-imp MID input	0 – 1 kHz (low side), U _s DC 24 V UB
Frequency-imp rotary encoder input	0 – 1 kHz (low side), U _s DC 24 V UB
Analogous inputs	
Dipstick	0 – 20 mA, Us DC 24 V, 0,25 % resolution
Pressure	4 – 20 mA, Us DC 24 V, 1 % resolution
S1 (foam)	$0 - 2,5 \text{ V}, \text{ U}_{s} \text{ DC } 24 \text{ V}, 1\% \text{ resolution}$
S2 (reserve)	0 - 2,5 V, US DC 24 V, 1 % resolution
Ambient conditions	
Operating temperature	- 10+ 50 °C
Storage temperature	- 20+ 70 °C
Protective type	IP 20
Mechnanical data	
Dimensions	Approx. T 190 x H 145 x B 55 mm
Material	Aluminium nature (AIMg 3)
Weight	Approx. 500 g



15.2 Connection scheme

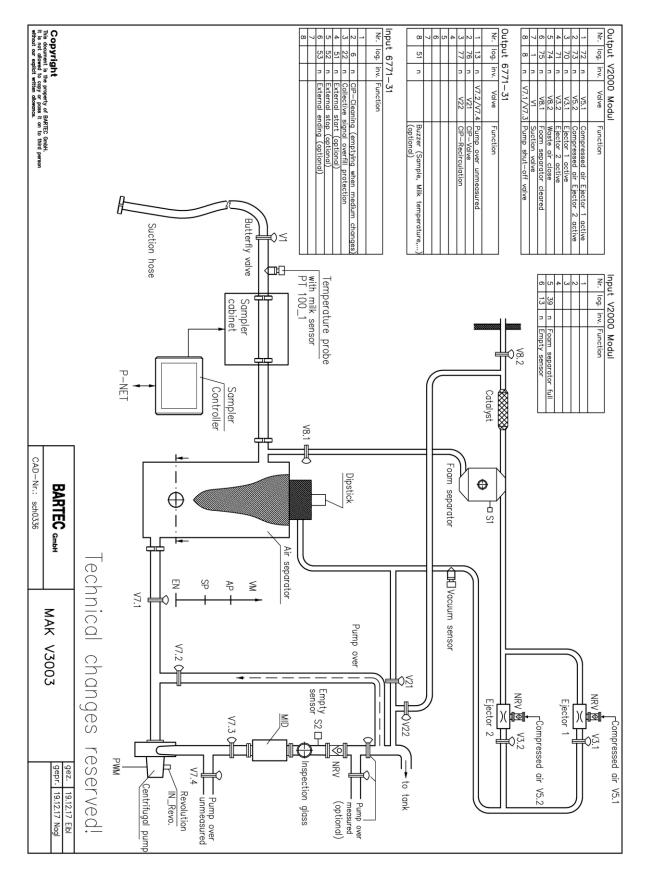
Front Back



Measuring System MAK TIGER 3003 Service manual, SA 131128

			Modul: V 2000,					
Clamp	Designation	LAS dipstick	Pressure sensor	6703-15 S1-foam se- parator	6703-15 S2-MID	6823-x MID	Proximity switch Snr. 495595	Hydraulic valve (PWM)
501	+ 24V	bn						
502	I + (Peilst.)	ye						
503	-	gy						
504	- (GND)	bu						
505	+ (24V DruckS)		wh					
506	-		bn					
507	+ (24V)			pk				
508	- (GND)			уе				
509	In (Signal S1)			gy				
510	+ (24V)				pk			
511	- (GND)				ye			
512	In (Signal S2)				gу			
513	+ (24V B)							
514	IN1 (Signal)		+				+	
515								
516	- + (24V B)						+	
517	IN2 (Signal)							
518								
519	- + (24V B)							
520	IN3 (Signal)							
520								
522								
	+ (24V B)							
523	IN4 (Signal)							
524	-							
525	+ (Signal MID)					\.		
525	+ (Signal MID)					vt bk		
526	- (GND B)					DK	ha	
527	+ (24V B)						bn	
528	IN_Dreh (Signal)						wh	
529	- (GND B)						bu	
520								
530	I_OUT + (0-20 mA)							
531	I_OUT -							
532	unbelegt							
533	PWM+(Signal)							bn
534	PWM-(GND B)							bu
E95			+					
535	OUT_1+ (24V B)							
536	OUT_1- (GND B)		+					
537	OUT_2+ (24V B)				+	+		
538	OUT_2- (GND B)							
539	OUT_3+ (24V B)				+	+		
540	OUT_4+ (24V B)							
541	OUT_5+ (24V B)				+	+		
542	OUT_6+ (24V B)				+			
543	OUT_7+ (24V B)		-				+	
544	OUT_7- (GND B)							
545	OUT_8+ (24V B)							
546	OUT_8- (GND B)							-
E 4 7			+					
547	UB+				-			
548	UB-							

-	Schirm				
+	pk/gy				
S	Bbn				
В	gn				
А	уе				
GND	GND				
RxD	RxD				
TxD	TxD				



15.3 Pipeline scheme

16

TAG-Reader 13,56 MHz, Type 6910-15

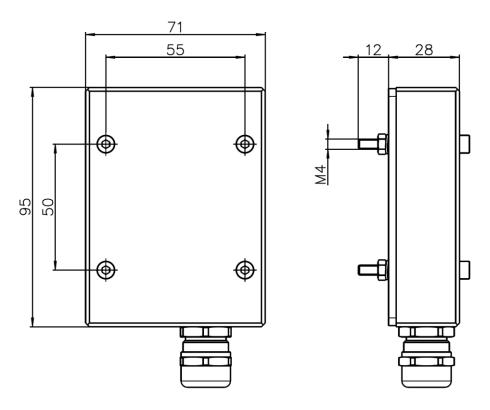
Order no.: 384603



16.1 Technical data

Device-specific data			
Nominal conditions	23 ± 2 °C		
Electrical data			
Power supply	DC 24 V ± 5 %		
Current consumption	< 100 mA		
Interface	RS 485		
Baud rate	9600 bit/s		
Cable length	11,8 m		
Connection	Cable, 6-wire, shielded		
Protocol	ISO 15693		
Frequency	13,56 MHz		
Read-write distance	Direct coupling		
Ambient conditions TAG			
Operating temperature	- 10 + 50 °C		
Storage temperature	- 20 + 70 °C		
Protection type	IP 66		
Climatic classification	JWF according to DIN 40040		
Mechanical data			
Dimensions	See dimensional drawing		
Materials	PA, PV, 1.4301		
Weight	Approx. 0.2 kg		
Assembling	4 x screws M4		

16.2 Dimensions and connection



Connection

Colour	Signal
rd	+24V
bu	0 V
уе	В
gn	A

17 Barcode reading unit type 6723-10

Order no.: U96417672310

The bar code reading unit type 6723-10 can be used to decode the pulse sequence of a connected bar code reader and to transmit the data via P-NET (RS485) for further processing.

Bar code readers with TTL output level can be connected, where "bright" corresponds to low and "dark" corresponds to high.

The bar code reading unit will accept the following four types of bar code if they contain the mandatory number of alphanumeric characters.

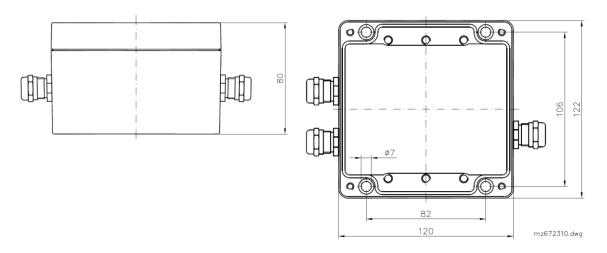
Bar code	Number of characters
Interleaved 2 of 5	4 32
UPC/EAN	Fixed length
Codabar	1 32
Code 11	1 32
Code 39	1 32
Code 128	1 32
MSI Code	1 32

The bar code reading unit is set at the factory to read bar codes of the "Interleaved 2 of 5" type with the mandatory 10 characters. The default operating mode is "continuous scanning".

17.1 Technical data

Electrical data	
Auxiliary power	Rated voltage: DC 24 V \pm 20 %
	Rated output: 1.5 W (excluding bar code reader, excluding heating)
Fuse	2 x 1 A (time-lag)
Fieldbus interface	P-NET (RS485), max. line length 300 m
Electrical connection	
Connection	Screw terminals 0.2 1.5 mm ²
	3 x cable fitting PG9, cable diameter 4 8 mm
Bar code reader	Scanner with TTL-compatible output, "bright" \cong low, "dark" \cong high
Bar code reader heater	12 or 24 V DC, max. 1.6 W
Bar code reader electronics	5 V DC, max. 50 mA
Ambient conditions	
Operating temperature	- 20 + 60° C
Storage temperature	- 40 + 85° C
Climate class/protection type	JUF / IP 65
Mechanical data	
Housing specification	Die-cast aluminium
Dimensions	120 x 122 x 80 (mm)
Weight	Approx. 12 N \cong 1.2 kg
Installation position	Optional, but cable inlets must not face upwards

17.2 Dimensions



17.3 Installation

Installation location:

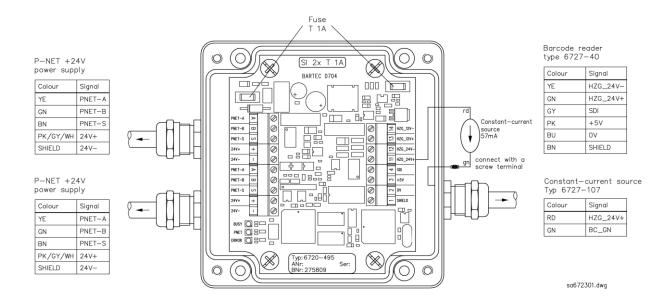
Position at a suitable location not subject to major vibrations near the bar code reader, taking due account of the length of its cable. It must be possible to attach the connection leads in the bar code reader unit when installed.

Installation:

Affix lower section of housing with 4 x M6 mounting bolts. See section on dimensions for hole spacing and bolt length.

To install, undo the four bolts in the top housing section and remove the top housing section.

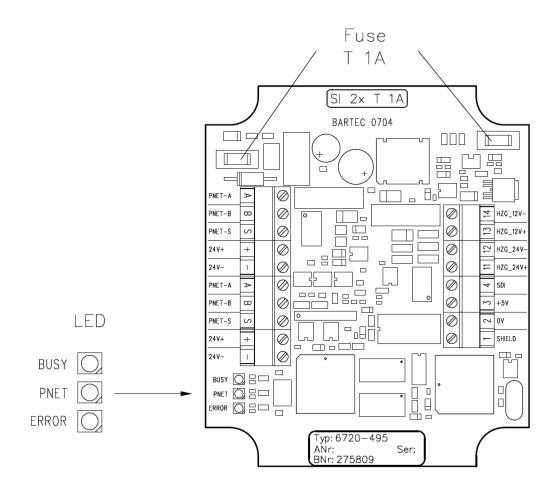




Terminal designation of bar code reading unit

INPUT SIDE			
Signal	Designation	Terminal	Wire colour
P-NET - A	P-NET - A	A	уе
P-NET - B	P-NET - B	В	gn
P-NET - S	P-NET - S	S	bn
24 V +	Operating voltage	+	pk/gy/wh
24 V -	Operating voltage	-	Shield
OUTPUT SIDE			
Signal	Designation	Terminal	Wire colour
HZG_24V-	Bar code reader heating (-24 V), type 6727-40	12	уе
HZG_24V+	Constant current source (KS_RT), Type 6727-107	11	rd
KS_GN	Heating barcode reader (+24V), type 6727-40	Luster	gn
		terminal	
SDI	Digital input signal (TTL level), type 6727-40	4	gy
+5V	+ Bar code reader operating voltage, type 6727-40	3	pk
0V	- Bar code reader operating voltage, type 6727-40	2	bu
SHIELD	Cable shielding, type 6727-40	1	bn

Status display messages and their meaning



mz672310.dwg

LED	Display	Apparent fault	Remedial action
BUSY	LED BUSY	LED off:	- Bar code reading unit may
	Flashes after switch-on (approx. 1	Internal fault in	need to be reconfigured
	Hz).	processor system	- Fault may need to be read out
	The processor system is running.		via P-NET service channel
P-NET	P-NET ON	LED off:	- Check P-NET connections
	LED flashes via P-NET on the bar	Bar code reading unit is	(A,B,S); P-NET may be defec-
	code reading unit on write access	not eliciting any response	tive
	or read access.	from P-NET	 Notify service centre
ERROR	POWER ON	LED off:	- Check for presence of 24 V
	LED when 5 V DC is applied to the	Absence of voltage supply	DC
	processors.	for the processors	 Check connection cable
	(The 5 V are routed through to the		- Check fuses
	display by the processor)		

18 Barcode reader type 6727-40 Series A

Order no.: U96410672740

The bar code reader type 6727-40 is a distance scanner for bar codes. It is used to read bar code labels on BARTEC milk sample bottles of type 6845-x in stationary and mobile systems.

It is used in conjunction with bar code reading unit type 6723-10.



18.1 Technical data

Electrical data		
Auxiliary power	Operating voltage: DC 5 V, 17 19 mA Heating: DC 24 V / 1.5 W	
Electrical connection	2 m connection cable with open ends, closed with wire end ferrules, cable inlet PG7	
Output	TTL-compatible output, "bright" \cong low, "dark" \cong high	
Transmitter light	Red light - 900 nm	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	- 10 + 50° C	
Climate class/protection type	KUF / IP 65	
Mechanical data		
Housing specification	Plastic housing	
Dimensions	99.5 x 26 x 88.3	
Height of transmitter light emis- sion	57 mm	
Weight	Approx. 3.3 N ≅ 0.33 kg	
Assembly	Screw fitting with 2 x M4 bolts, hole spacing 61 mm, vertical installation position (according to bar code label)	

Terminal assignment

Wire colour	Assignment	Signal
ye	HZG-	Scanner window heating
gn	HZG+	Scanner window heating
gy	SDI	Digital output signal
pk	+5V	Operating voltage
bu	0V	Operating voltage
bn	Shield	Cable shielding

18.2 Dimensions/Installation

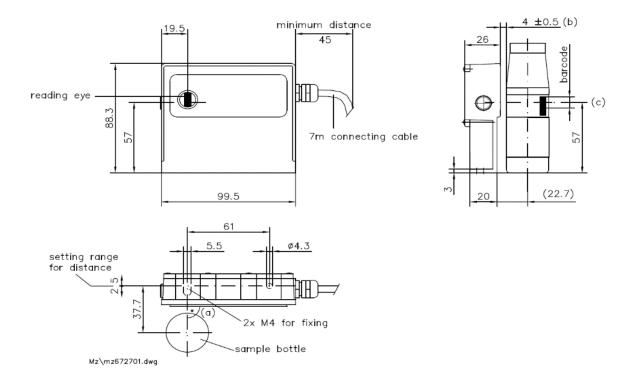
Install the bar code reader as illustrated in the diagrams below.

The following points are important:

The scanner eye must be at right angles to the sample bottle axis (a).

There should be a distance of approx. 4 mm (b) between the bar code reader and the sample bottle. A 4-mm hexagon wrench or the shank of a 4-mm twist drill are examples of possible aids which can be used. The distance can be reduced gradually to as little as 2 mm if the bar code reading cannot be guaranteed to be reliable.

The optical axis (transmitter light) of the bar code reader must be roughly in the middle of the bars in the bar code (c).



19 I/O-Box type 6753-xx



Type 6753-51 Order no.: 276866



Type 6753-61 Order no.: 276865

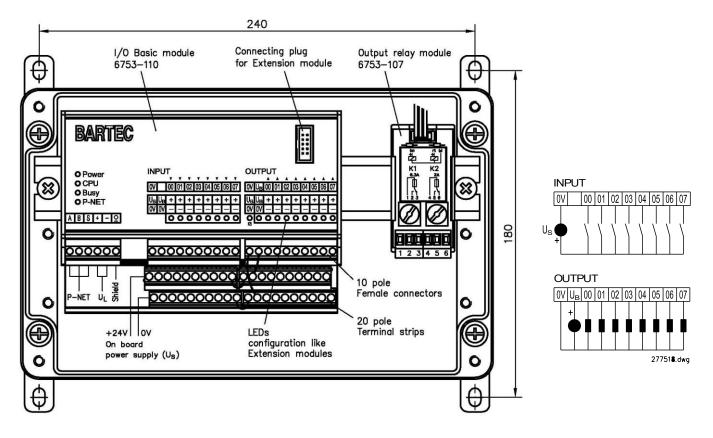
19.1 Technical Data

Electrical data		
Auxiliary power	U_L = DC 24 V/80 mA (I/O basic module), (U_{Limit} = 16 DC 36 V) 2 A fine-wire fuse	
Connection type	Internal 5-pole screw terminals (P-NET and U_L) Basic and extension modules, connected. Connection leads up to 1.5 mm ² . PG9 cable inlets.	
Inputs	8 digital inputs, U _{In} = 0 24 V (U _{Limit} = - 36 V +36 V DC) Signal = 0: < DC + 5 V Signal = 1: > DC + 14 V (green LED on) Input resistance: 4 kΩ	
Outputs	8 FET semiconductor outputs, positive. Electrical isolation of logic circuit and outputs via optocoupler. Min. switching current 100 μA. Max. current per output at signal 1: < 1 A (up to + 60 °C) Total load capability 8 A (-20 + 60 °C). Voltage induced on circuit interruption limited by freewheeling diode. Supply voltage U _S : DC 24 V (18 - 36 V). Switching frequency ohmic load: 100 Hz. Switching frequency inductive load: 2 Hz. Max. output level at signal = 0: DC 2 V (no load)	
Interfaces	P-Net fieldbus interface: serial, asynchronous. Baud rate 76,800 bit/s. Line length max. 1000 m P-Net ID number: 5922.	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	- 20 60 °C	
Storage temperature	- 25 80 °C	
Storage temperature	IUF as per DIN 40040	
Protection class	IP 65	

Dimensions/mounting holes/connection, type 6753-51

Housing	
Dimensions/weight	Housing dimensions: 160 x 260 x 90 mm Weight of housing: 2.01 kg Weight of basic module: 0.4 kg 4 mounting plates with oblong holes for M6 screw fittings

I/O box MAK plus 1, type 6753-51



I/O box MAK plus 1 Optional add-ons:

1 x input extension module 8 DI, type 6753-111

or

1 x output extension module 8 D0/2.0 A, type 6753-112 or

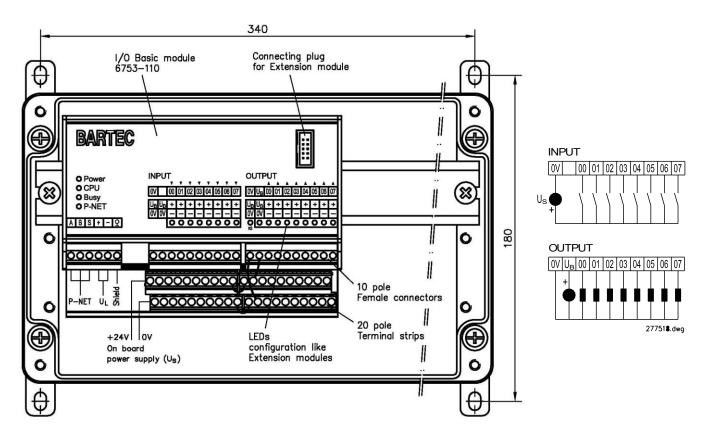
1 x output relay module 1 x 6.3/3 x 2.0 A, type 6753-106 or

1 x output relay module 1 x 6.3/1 x 2.0 A, type 6753-107

Dimensions/mounting holes/connection, type 6753-61

Housing		
Dimensions/weight	Housing dimensions: 160 x 360 x 90 mm Weight of housing: 2.7 kg Weight of basic module: 0.4 kg 4 mounting plates with oblong holes for M6 screw fittings	

I/O box MAK plus 2, type 6753-61



I/O box MAK plus 2 Optional add-ons:

1 x input extension module 8 DI, type 6753-111

1 x output extension module 8 D0/2.0 A, type 6753-112

or

or

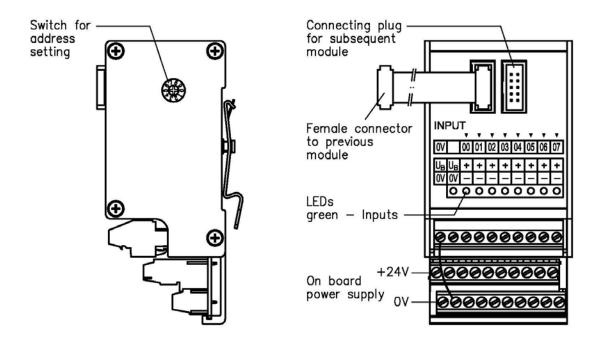
1 x output relay module 1 x 6.3/3 x 2.0 A, type 6753-106 or $\,$

1 x output relay module 1 x 6.3/1 x 2.0 A, type 6753-107

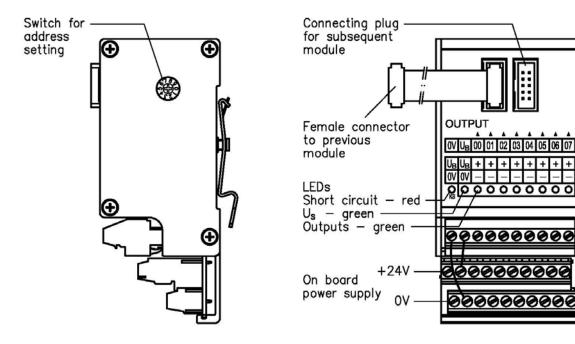
Extension modules, type 6753-51/61:

Each additional I/O module which is installed must be allocated its own bus address (not P-Net). This address can be configured via a switch on the right of the module. Therefore the order in which the modules are positioned is important. The basic module has the static address \emptyset . The address of every additional module is consecutively numbered (e.g. basic module = \emptyset ; first extension module = 1; second extension module = 2, etc.)

Input extension module 8DI, type 6753-111



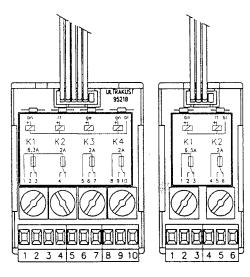
Dimensions (W x H x D)	55 x 85 x 58 mm
Power consumption (logic circuit)	0.29 W
Weight	1.2 N (= 0.12 kg)



Output extension module 8D0/2, 0A, type 6753-112

Dimensions (W x H x D)	55 x 85 x 58 mm
Power consumption	0.325 W
(logic circuit)	
Weight	1.5 N (= 0.15 kg)
Max. current per output	< 1 A (up to +60 °C)
at signal 1	Total load capability 8 A (-20+60 °C)

Output relay modules:



Output relay module:

Туре 6753-106

Туре 6753-107

Electrical connection:	$bl \rightarrow 0 V$ on-board power supply; bn, rd, yl, gn \rightarrow output
Connection leads:	30 cm
Max. switching voltage (relay):	AC/DC 50 V
Dimensions (W x H x D)	
Weight/format	
6753-106:	55 x 74 x 65 mm / 1.5 N ≈ 150 g / 1 x 6.3 A / 1 x 2.0 A
6753-107:	35 x 74 x 65 mm / 0.75 N ≈ 75 g / 1 x 6.3 A / 1 x 2.0 A

Order details

Accessories/replacements		
I/O basic module, 8DI/8D0, type 6753-110	276817	
Input extension module, 8DI, type 6753-111	276819	
Output extension module, 8D0/2, 2.0 A, type 6753-112	276818	
Output relay module 1 x 6.3 A/3 x 2.0 A, type 6753-106	U899176753106	
Output relay module 1 x 6.1 A/1 x 2.0 A, type 6753-107	U899176753107	
Pillar terminal block 3-pole	216968	
Pillar terminal block 4-pole	216432	
Pillar terminal block 5-pole	222010	
Pillar terminal block 6-pole	275016	
Pillar terminal block 10-pole	275017	

20 Thermal printer type 6761-11

Order no.: 215004



Thermal printer for simple and reliable recording of measurements and data.

The printer can either be connected directly to the RS 232 interface on the MAK Controller type 6942-10 or controlled via an RS 232 / P-NET converter from the P-NET fieldbus.

Changing the paper:

The tried-and-tested drop-in method of inserting the new paper roll consists of just three quick and easy steps: open printer, insert paper roll, close printer.

20.1 Technical data

Mechanical data		
Dimensions	W x D x H: 145 mm x 195 mm x 148 mm	
Installation position	Vertical or horizontal. In case of vertical installation, please note the in- structions for attaching the correct labelling strip and changing the paper sensor position.	
Housing	Plastic, light grey	
Weight	1.8 kg (excl. paper)	
Connection	25-pin D-SUB connector, lockable, connection cable incl. plug, cable length 15 m, can be cut to required length	
Installation location	In dry, clean areas only within operating temperature limit and climate class, preferably in the driver's cab	
Electrical data		
Interfaces	Standard: RS-232	
Auxiliary power	DC 24 V / max. 1.5 A	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	0 50 °C	
Storage temperature	- 20 60 °C (excl. paper)	
Climate class/protection type	KWF / IP 30	

<u>Accessories:</u> Paper: Thermal paper (order no. 215115) Width: 79.5 mm ± 0.5 Max. diameter: 83 mm

Connection cable signal assignment

PIN	Colour	Signal
2	gn	TxD
3	уе	RxD
7	bn	GNG
9 + 10	pk/gy	+24 V
12 + 13	bu/wh	0 V
Housing	Shield	

Fit connection cable to printer with the screws in the cable plug.



Attention:

The metal base plate of the thermal printer has an electrical connection to the GND signal of the electronic system and to the cable shield.

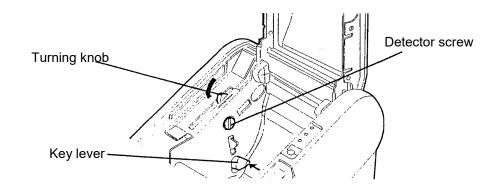
The printer must therefore be insulated from the vehicle chassis.

The cable shield must not be connected to the follow-on device or the shield bar.

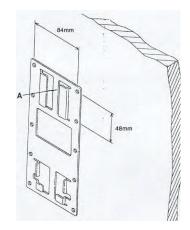
Instructions for vertical installation:

- a) Install the printer so that the paper comes out at the top and the cable connection is facing down.
- b) The labelling strip for feed button and LEDs is "upside down" in this position and must be carefully covered over with the labelling strip provided.
- c) Change the paper sensor position to vertical installation position:
 - Undo detector screw by turning anticlockwise, e.g. using a coin (see diagram)
 - Using a fingertip, press key lever to the side as far as it will go and hold
 - Rotate turning knob in the direction of the arrow until the key lever automatically clicks into the hole in the other side
 - Keep hold of turning knob and tighten detector screw again by turning clockwise

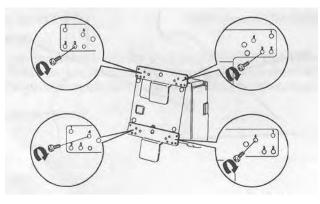
Changing the paper sensor position



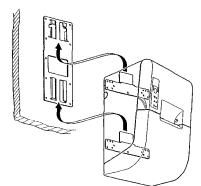
Installation/dimensions for bracket in case of vertical installation



1. Fit retaining plate



- 2. Fit screw plates on printer
- Affix the top plate through the holes marked a) no. "3"
- Affix the bottom plate through the holes marked no. "4" using the screws provided b)



3. Fit printer by screw plates in retaining plate A!

20.1.1 Printer operation

Control panel

You can control the basic paper feed functions on the printer with the button on the control panel. The LEDs will help you to monitor the printer status.

POWER

The POWER LED lights up whenever the printer is switched on.

ERROR

This LED indicates a malfunction.

PAPER OUT

POWER ERROR PAPER OUT

This LED indicates that the roll of paper is running out. Put in a new roll of paper so that the printer can continue printing.

When this LED flashes, it indicates standby status during the self-test printout or during the execution of a macro if the execute macro command is used.

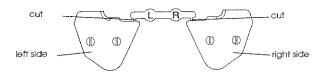
FEED button

This button can be deactivated with the ESC c 5 command.

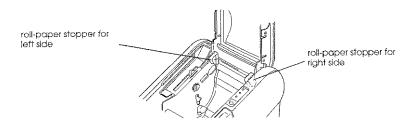
Press the FEED button once to advance the paper by one line. You can also press and hold the FEED button down to keep advancing the paper.

20.1.2 Fitting the paper roll holder

1. Detach the paper roll holder.



2. Open the printer cover and attach the paper roll holder by pressing both fittings into the holes, as shown in the diagram below.



20.1.3 Troubleshooting

General problems

The LEDs on the control panel do not light up.

Make sure that the cable is correctly connected and check that power is being supplied to the entire system.

Printing problems

The ERROR LED is on (not flashing) and the printer will not print.

If the PAPER OUT LED is on, it means that the roll of paper is not fitted or is almost used up. Fit a new roll of paper.

If the PAPER OUT LED is not on, make sure that the printer cover is closed properly. Press the printer cover down until it clicks into place.

The ERROR LED is flashing and the printer will not print.

First turn the printer off and check if there is a paper jam.

If there is not a paper jam and the printer has been printing for a relatively long time, the printhead may have overheated. If the printhead has overheated, the printer will continue printing as soon as the head has cooled down (usually within two to three minutes).

If there is no paper jam and the printhead has not overheated, switch off the printer and switch it on again after approx. 10 seconds.

The ERROR LED is not on but the printer will not print.

Try to run the self-test to check if the printer is working properly. If the self-test works correctly, make the following checks: Check the connection on both ends of the cable. If the printer still will not print, contact your after-sales service centre or replace the printer.

The print quality is poor.

Dust or lint on the heating element of the thermal printhead can affect the print quality. Try to clean the printhead, as instructed below.

Cleaning the printhead

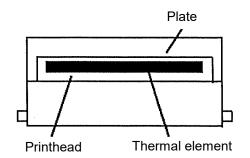


Caution:

The printhead can be very hot after printing. Do not touch it. Allow it to cool down before cleaning it.

Do not touch the printhead with your fingers or with a hard object in order to avoid damaging it

- 1. Open the printer cover.
- 2. Clean the heating element of the printhead with a cotton cloth dampened with an alcohol-based solvent (ethanol, methanol or IPA).



Problems with the paper feed

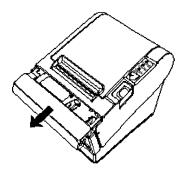
There is a paper jam in the printer.



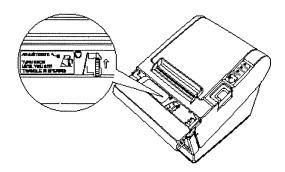
Caution:

The printhead can become very hot after prolonged continuous use. Do not touch it.

- 1. Follow the instructions below to clear a paper jam:
- 2. Switch the printer off and press the relevant button to open the cover.
- 3. Remove the jammed paper, put the roll back in the printer and close the cover.
- 4. If paper has caught in the automatic cutter and the printer cover will not open then open the cover on the cutter indicated in the diagram below.



5. Then turn the button until you can see into the opening, as shown in the diagram below. This will reset the cutter blade to normal position. There is a sticker near the cutter as a guide.



- 6. Close the cover on the cutter.
- 7. Open the printer cover.
- 8. Remove the jammed paper.

Problems with the automatic cutter

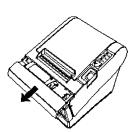
The paper cutter is blocked.

If a foreign object, such as a drawing pin or paper clip, has fallen into the cutter and caused a blockage, the printer will be in error state and will automatically start a recovery process.

If the problem is not serious, the cutter will return to its normal position and no intervention will be required from the user.

If the cutter does not automatically return to its normal position then follow the instructions below to remedy the problem.

- 1. Pull the cover on the cutter towards you so that you can turn the button for the cutter motor.
- 2. Follow the instructions on the sticker and turn the button until the blade appears in the opening.



3. Close the cover on the paper cutter.

Self-test

The self-test allows you to see whether the printer is working correctly. It checks the control circuits, print mechanism, print quality, ROM version and DIP switch settings.

This test is independent of any other unit or software.

Running the self-test

- 1. Make sure that the printer is switched off and the covers are properly closed.
- 2. Press and hold the FEED button and switch on the power supply to the printer in order to start the self-test. The self-test prints out the printer settings and then the following, cuts off the paper and waits (the PAPER OUT LED will flash).

Self-test printout

Press the PAPER FEED button.

- 1. Press the FEED button to continue the printing process. The printer will print out a sample with the character set.
- 2. The self-test will end automatically and the paper will be cut off after the following line:

*** completed ***

The printer is ready to receive data as soon as the self-test has been completed.



Note:

Press the FEED button if you want to interrupt the self-test manually. Press the FEED button again to continue the self-test.

21 Printer type 6881-30

Order no.: 235934





Attention:

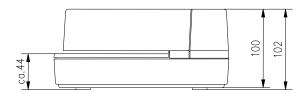
The printer and the printer holder must be protected from moisture!

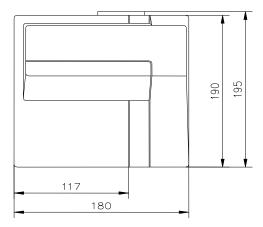
21.1 Technical data

Device-specific data	
Printing format	Alphanumerical character set with 96 ASCII characters (font 5 x 7 / 7 x7)
	32 international characters and 128 x 3 graphical characters (font 6 x 7 / 10 x 7)
	4 letter sizes:
	Standard, font 5 x 7 (35 characters per line)
	Normal, font 7 x 7 (42 characters per line)
	Wide, font 5 x 7 (17 characters per line)
	Wide, font 7 x 7 (21 characters per line)
	Line feed: 4.2 mm
Printing procedure	Needle printer 7 x 7
	Unidirectional printing
Printing speed 1.9 2.3 lines per second	
Printing paper	Standard, carbon and self-copy paper
	Total thickness 0.09 0.35 mm
	Paper width at least 80 mm
	Paper length at least 80 mm
	Printing width max. 60 mm
	Max. 4 copies with self-copy paper (25° C)
Colour ribbon	Colour ribbon cassette black
	Life expectancy approx. 1.5 x 10 ⁶ characters
Data interface type 6961-100	Serial interface (RS 232)
	Cable length max. 10 m

Electrical data		
Power supply	DC 24 V ± 10 %, max. 1.0 A,	
	ripple \leq 150 mV eff.	
Connection	25-pole socket (RS 232),	
	3-pole plugs (power supply DC 24 V)	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	+5° C +40 °C	
Storage temperature	-10° C +50 °C	
Climatic class	KYF	
Protective system	IP 40	
Mechanical data		
Dimensions	180 x 102 x 195 mm (W x H x D)	
Weight	Approx. 20 N (≅ 2 kg)	
Housing	Plastic tabletop housing, grey	

21.2 Dimensions





db68811.dwg

21.3 Printer mount type 6961-100

Order no.: 279562



21.3.1 **Printer mount connection**

Connection of printer mount without series

Terminal	Terminal connection Printer mount type 6961-100	
8	24 V (rd)	
9	RxD (ye)	
10		
11	TxD (gn)	
12		
13	GND (bu)	

Connection of printer mount from series A

Terminal	Terminal connection Printer mount type 6961-100	
8	24 V (rd+wh)	
9	RxD (ye)	
10		
11	TxD (gn)	
12		
13	GND (bu+bk)	

DIP switch setting (bottom): Remove the adhesive label to change the DIP switch setting.

DIP switch no.	Printer mount type 6961-100
1	ON
2	OFF
3	ON
4	OFF
5	ON
6	ON
7	OFF
8	OFF
9	OFF
10	OFF
	Q □ 1

22 GPS-Receiver (RS 232) type 6722-18

Order no.: 241920

Automatic supplier identification based on satellite tracking of vehicle location in conjunction with MAK 3003 system.

22.1 Technical data

Electrical data		
Auxiliary power	DC 6 40 V	
Typical power consumption	50 mA at DC 24 V	
Receiver aerial	Inbuilt	
Interfaces	RS 232	
Electrical connection	5m of cable, open wire ends	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	- 30 + 80°C	
Protection class	IP 67 (1 m immersion depth for 30 min)	
Mechanical data		
Dimensions/mounting holes	62 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Mounting bolts	3 x M4, max. thread depth of 8.0 mm not to be exceeded (risk of breakage)	
Weight	330 g incl. 5 m of cable	

22.1.1 Wiring of GPS receiver 6722-18

See Compact Controller wiring page 13.

22.1.2 Connection

5 m length of cable supplied with the product, 130 mm of insulation stripped from cable end.

Assignment:

Signal	+ DC 24 V	GND/Remote	RxD	TxD
Colour	Red	Black/yellow	Blue	White

22.1.3 Fitting

The aerial is built into the receiver therefore the receiver must be fitted on top of the vehicle (e.g. on the rear cabin) and must be as horizontal as possible. The unit must never be covered by metal parts and must be able to "see" as well as possible in all directions on all sides.

23 GPRS modem with Magnetic antenna

- The modem housing (DGND) must not be in contact with the chassis. The modem is therefore installed with the insulation set.
- Please also check that the antenna adapter and antenna are unearthed.

23.1 GPRS Module, Type 6942-100

Order no.: 290337

23.1.1 Technical data

Operating voltage	DC 5 36 V / approx. 83 mA at 24 V
Dimensions	77 x 67 x 26 (L x W x H)
Weight	Approx. 90 g
Fixing	Two M3x30 mm countersunk rounded-head screws on plastic
Operating temperature	- 30+ 75 °C
Storage temperature	- 40+ 85 °C

23.1.2

Connections



Attention:

The modem must be affixed with plastic bolts.



Power cable connection

Rear view



Inserting the SIM card



1. Open the cover.



2. Open the slot and insert the SIM card.

23.2 Magnetic antenna

Order no.: 360422

Ø 60mm / H: 13 mm Antenna length: 5 m



Attention:

Fit the antenna in a location with good reception. The magnetic antenna may not be used in potentially explosive atmospheres.

First enter PIN in configuration then insert SIM card while the system is switched off.



Measuring System MAK TIGER 3003 Service manual, SA 131128

23.3 2. GPRS data modem type Telit GT864-Quad (optional)

- The modem housing (DGND) must not contact the chassis at any point. For this, the modem is fitted with the isolation set.
- Please also check the floating ground of the aerial adapter or the aerial.
- The shield bar must also not be in contact with the aerial adapter or the modem housing.
- The length of the modem cable is limited to 10 m. Any measures to lengthen the cable must be avoided.

23.3.1 Technical Data

Operating voltage	DC 5 36 V / ca. 83 mA bei 24 V		
Dimensions	77 x 67 x 26 (L x B	77 x 67 x 26 (L x B x H)	
Weight	Approx. 90 g		
Mounting	With two oval countersunk head screw M 3x30mm on plastic		
Operating temperature	- 30+ 75 °C		
Storage temperature	- 40+ 85 °C		
Ordering details			
Designation		Order number	
GPRS data modem type Telit GT864-Quad		304264	

23.3.2 Terminal assignment for 2. GPRS data modem

Motherboard from series C

Clamps RS 232_1 Modem cable 4386-306		
132 24V COM pk		
133 RxD gn		
134 CTS bu		
135 TxD ye		
136 RTS wh		
137 AGND bn + gy		
Shield ter	minal \rightarrow Shield ye/gn replace	



Note:

RS 232_1 corresponds to the interface on the system dev/ttySM1

23.3.3 Connection cable for 2. GPRS data modem Telit GT864-Quad type 4386-306

Colour PIN (Cable) Signal 3 2 5 8 TxD yellow RxD green brown GND connection 140 CTS blue 7 RTS white pink 100 + grey Shield yegn (Shield) to the System Ε to the Modem 9 nnnn +Front view Connection from left to right: wh/free/free/ye/free/pk ΟV +24V 304946.dwg

(BNr. 304946, Länge 10m)

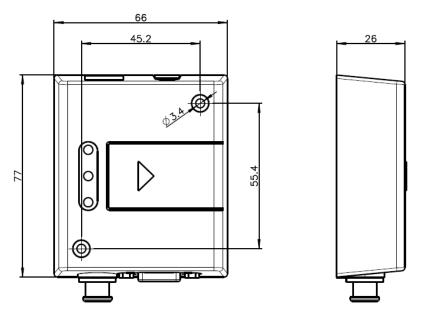
Measuring System MAK TIGER 3003 Service manual, SA 131128

9 Pin D-Sub

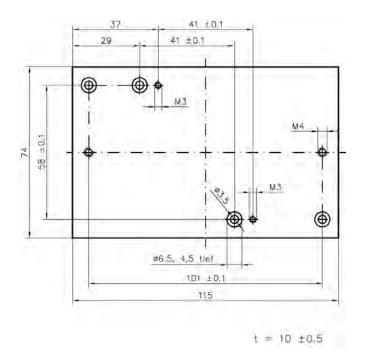
23.3.4 Dimensions and mounting

Fit the modem in a dry, dust-free and dirt-free area in a non-hazardous area where it is not exposed to much vibration.

Dimensions and mounting holes



Installation set, type 6722-103 (Order no. 238862)



23.4

SIM card specifications for the 3003 system

The following connections must be set up by the provider in order to guarantee efficient online support.

Service	Port	Description	
SSH	22	Connection from 3003 system to office	
SSH	22	Connection from office to 3003 system	
HTTP	80	Connection from office to 3003 system	
HTTPS	443	Connection from 3003 system to office	
Ping		Connection from 3003 system to office	

Additional options for office link-up via FTL and FTP (optional):

Service	Port	Description
FTP *1)	21 / all ports	Office link-up for Tiger MAK / PETRO and
(passive) above 1023	Petro 3003



Note:

The IMEI number of the modem must be activated and supported by the network operator/provider.

*1) FTP connections can also be protected via SSL. This is subject to the provider allowing FTP via SSL. Communications are then no longer in plain text but in SSL encryption form.

24 ULTRASAMPLER® sample collection system

24.1 Description

The ULTRASAMPLER® system is an automatic sampling system for milk collection vehicles in conjunction with the MAK 3003 milk intake and monitoring system.

The sample is taken "on line" during the milk intake and is always proportional to the volume flow rate.

If a dual pump system is used, it is possible to take individual samples and samples from the whole tank (GTP) at the same time.

There is a choice of manual to fully automatic infeed systems for the empty sample bottles.

There are bar code and transponder (TAG) systems for the sample bottle identification.

The following units belong to the ULTRASAMPLER sample collection system range:

- Sampler controller, type 6771-31
- Sampler pump, type 6871-x
- Flow level meter, type 6826
- Bottle drive, type 6774-10/6774-12
- Manual sample bottle feed, type 6871-3-30
- Semi-automatic sample bottle feed, type 6871-3-50
- Bar code reader, type 6727-40
- Bar code reading unit, type 6723-10, B series

The system configuration depends on the regulations in force in the relevant country and on the individual customer specifications.

 It is advisable to use the flow level meter (FLM) to increase the accuracy and representativeness of the sample, especially for milk quantities < 300 litres.

24.1.1 **Position of the ULTRASAMPLER**

The sampler pump and flow level meter are built into the milk pipeline on the collection vehicle and are flowed through by the milk taken into the collection vehicle.

The control unit is positioned at a suitable place near the sample collection system.

Systems with bottle drive for automatic sample bottle transport and sample bottle identification (bar code or TAG) are usually integrated in a closed refrigerator section.

The temperature of the refrigeration section is measured regularly by the MAK 3003 system and is recorded if it is above or below the stipulated limits.

Fig. 1 shows the position and arrangement of the Ultrasampler in the refrigerated sample collection box.

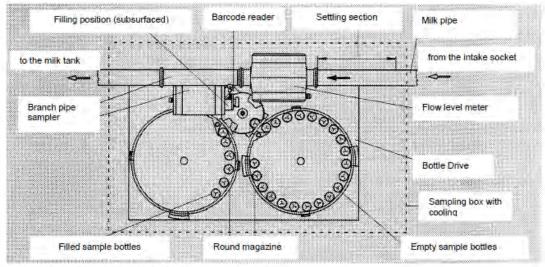


Fig. 1: Ultrasampler in the sampling box with cooling (plan view)

24.1.2 Mode of operation of the ULTRASAMPLER

Sample collection process

As soon as milk is taken into the collection vehicle, the sampler takes the sample in the branch pipe and pumps it into a correctly identified sample bottle waiting in position to be filled.

Before every milk intake, the control unit receives the input data from the MAK 3003 system so that it can determine the required pump output for the expected quantity of milk, the throughput of the collection vehicle and the number of samples to be taken.

The input data are used to calculate the available sample collection time and the resulting pump delivery rate of the sampler for the sample collection process.

If there is a facility to take samples from the whole tank (GTP) and if this function is enabled then, at the same time, a branch in proportion to the volume will be taken into the tank sample bottle from every supplier on a round.

Operation with flow level meter

If the ULTRASAMPLER has a flow level meter, the control unit receives a continuous stream of data from the flow level meter on the quantity of milk taken into the collection vehicle.

This enables high-precision control of the pump delivery rate subject to the actual flow rate. If there is no FLM, the pump output is controlled by default parameters for the performance of the measuring system.

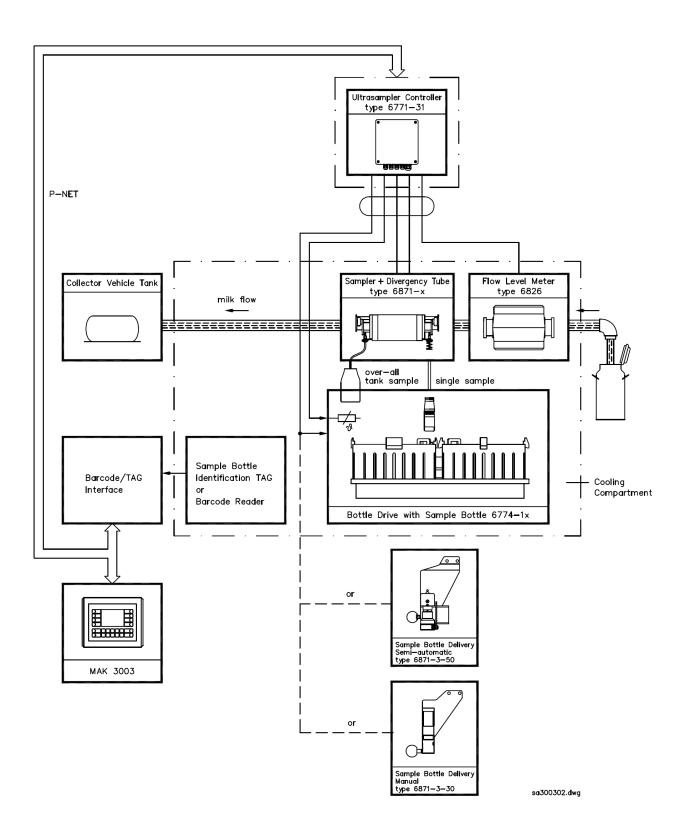
Sample bottle transport

The control unit works with the MAK 3003 system in controlling and monitoring the automatic bottle drive.

Before every sample collection process, the bottle drive brings an empty sample bottle into the filling position under the sampler.

The sample bottle is identified beforehand by bar code or TAG. Faulty bottles are rejected without being used. After every sample collection process, the bottle drive sets the filled sample bottle down in a round magazine. MAK 3003 matches the milk sample to the milk producer on the basis of the bar code or TAG, thereby ensuring that the data will be correctly attributed for the subsequent laboratory analysis.

Fig. 2 illustrates the flow of the data signals and control signals between the functional units of the ULTRASAMPLER and MAK 3003.



24.1.3 Additional information about the ULTRASAMPLER

The sample collection is generally independent of the delivery quantity.

A minimum delivery quantity of between 20 and 40 l is required for the bottling of a usable sample, however, depending on the throughput of the intake system.

The MAK 3003 system can enable a pump output reduction on the collection vehicle to ensure that samples are also taken in the case of smaller delivery quantities.

The intake time will increase in proportion to the decrease in throughput.

The time for the sample to be taken by the ULTRASAMPLER will then also be longer.

MAK 3003 decides on an appropriate reduction on the basis of the expected delivery quantity (= input data).

How the system works in practice depends on the design of the collection vehicle.

Efficient sample collection

A special rinsing process in the sampler before every sample collection process largely prevents any residual milk in the sampling line from being carried into the new sample bottle.

At the start of the milk intake process the sampler pumps milk out of the branch pipe towards the sample bottle until the milk working point reaches the sampler exit.

The sampler then reverses the pumping direction and pumps milk and rinse residues back into the branch pipe.

Excess quantities in sample collection process

If the delivery quantity exceeds the specified amount by a set percentage (e.g. 20 %), the sample collection process will be stopped.

The sample bottle will also contain, e.g. 20 %, more liquid at this time than the configured nominal value (e.g. 35 ml).

MAK 3003 relays a message for the operator at the end of the milk intake process reading "Full".

Overfilling can be avoided by comparing the expected delivery quantity with the actual delivery quantity and, if there are major discrepancies, by adjusting the delivery quantity manually on the MAK 3003 system before the milk intake process starts.

Installing a flow-calming section

A flow-calming section is to be incorporated in the milk pipeline upstream of the flow level meter with a minimum length of five times the nominal width.

If the system is operated without a flow level meter, this flow-calming section should be positioned upstream of the sampler.

Pockets of air which falsify the flow level meter readings and which affect the sampling process are largely eradicated by the flow-calming section.

24.2

ULTRASAMPLER®-Controller type 6771-31

Order no.: 242222



Control unit for the ULTRASAMPLER® sample collection system with high-performance stepper motor for individual samples (supplier samples).

24.2.1 Technical data



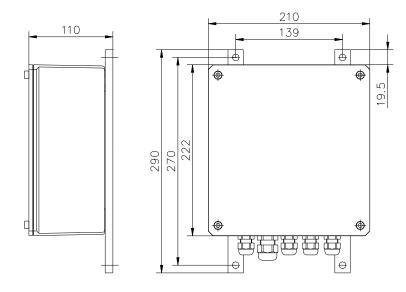
Attention:

Failure to heed this information will lead to the destruction of the unit! The power supply, terminal 52/53, must be routed via the main switch of the data logging system. If the data logging system is not in operation, the power supply must be interrupted.

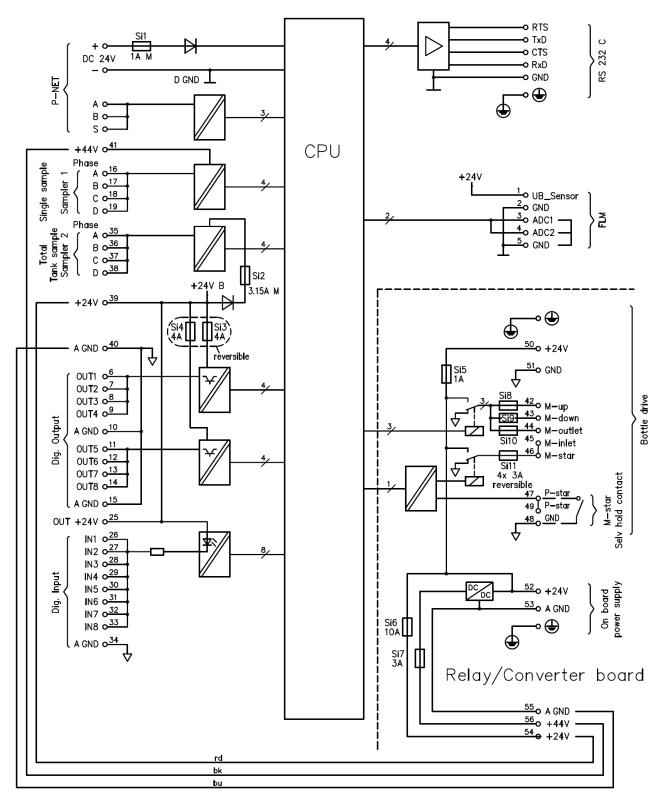
Auxiliary energy (electronics)		
Operating voltage	24 V DC, 16 - 35 V	
Current consumption	250 mA without stepper motors and load	
Fuse	1 A (medium time-lag)	
Sampler control - suppliers sample		
Operating voltage	40 V DC	
Fuse	3 A (medium time-lag)	
Maximal step frequency	10 kHz (corresponds to 25 r/sec. with 400 steps)	
Sampler control - tank sample		
Operating voltage	24 - 30 V DC	
Fuse	3,15 A (medium time-lag)	
Maximal step frequency	10 kHz (corresponds to 25 r/sec. with 400 steps)	
Interface 1		
Fieldbus interface (P-NET)	serial, asynchronous RS 485	
Baud rate	76 800 bit/s	
Galvanic separation	500 V DC	
Maximum line length	1 200 m ring, 100 m branch line	
P-NET-ident-no.	5941	
Cable connection	Clipped connection	

Interface 2		
RS 232	Host interface	
Protocol	P-NET	
Baud rate	Adjustable 150 - 38 400 b/s	
Galvanic separation	None	
Maximum line length	2 - 30 m depending on baud rate	
Cable connection	Clipped connection	
Ambient conditions		
Climate class	JWD (DIN 40040)	
Permissible operating temperature	- 10 + 50 °C	
Permissible storage temperature	- 20 + 70 °C	
Nominal conditions	23 ± 2 °C	

24.2.2 Dimensions

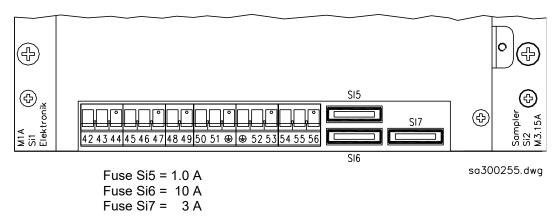


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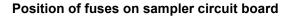


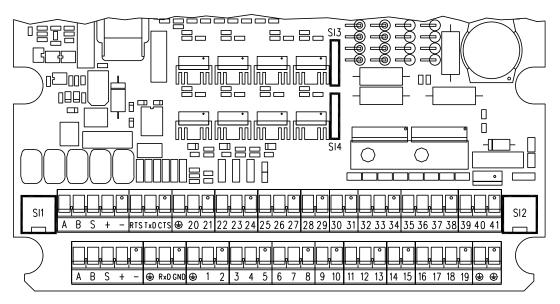
24.2.3 Block diagram

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Position of fuses on relay circuit board/converter board





sa300255.dwg

Position of fuses

Fusible cut-out Si1 (1 AM) and fusible cut-out Si2 (3.15 AM) can be accessed by opening the respective fuse holder.

Si3 and Si4 are reversible fuses which are ready for use again after a short cooling time after a case of overload has been remedied (do not need replacing!).

-			
Terminal	Signal name	Colour	Connected to
A (2x)	P-NET A fieldbus	уе	P-NET ring
B (2x)	P-NET B fieldbus	gn	P-NET ring
S (2x)	P-NET S fieldbus	bn	P-NET ring
+ (2x)	+24 V supply from cut-in unit	pk/gy/wh	P-NET ring
- (2x)	0 V supply from cut-in unit	Shield	P-NET ring
÷	Frame ground for cable shielding		Cable shielding
RxD	RS 232 C interface		Inactive
TxD	RS 232 C interface		Inactive
CTS	RS 232 C interface		Inactive
RTS	RS 232 C interface		Inactive
GND	RS 232 C interface		Inactive
1	UB sensor (+24 V for FLM supply)	pk/ gy	Flow level meter (FLM)
2	UB sensor (GND for FLM supply)	Shield	Туре 6826
3	FLM fill level (02.5 V)	уе	cf. 1)
4	FLM flow rate (4…20 mA)	vt	
5	GND reference potential for fill level + flow rate	bn/bk	
6	Digital output OUT 1		As required
7	Digital output OUT 2		As required
8	Digital output OUT 3		As required
9	Digital output OUT 4		As required
10	Reference ground for OUT 1-4		As required
11	Digital output OUT 5		As required
12	Digital output OUT 6		As required
13	Digital output OUT 7		As required
14	Digital output OUT 8		As required
15	Reference ground for OUT 5-8		As required
16	Sampler motor for individual sample, phase A	bu	Sampler motor for single
17	Sampler motor for individual sample, phase B	bn/wh	sample
18	Sampler motor for individual sample, phase C	gn/ye	
19	Sampler motor for individual sample, phase D	gy/pk	
20	UB sensor (+12 V for probe)	gn	Inactive
21	Frequency input 1 (milk temperature, cf. 3)	wh	
22	Frequency input 2 (milk sensor, cf. 3)	bn	
24	UB sensor (GND for probe)	уе	
20	UB sensor (+12 V for probe)	pk	Inactive
23	Frequency input 3 (sampling cabinet temperature,	wh	
24	cf. 3)	bu	
05	UB sensor (GND for probe)		A
25	+24 V on-board power supply, auxiliary supply for		As required
26	sensor system		As required
26	Digital input IN 2		As required
27	Digital input IN 2		As required
28	Digital input IN 3		As required
29 30	Digital input IN 4 Digital input IN 5		As required As required
30	Digital input IN 5 Digital input IN 6, bottle in position, cf. 2)	bu	Bottle drive
31			
32	Digital input IN 7, star in position, cf. 2) Digital input IN 8, bottle down, cf. 2)	Wire jumper	P-Star (terminal 49) Bottle drive
33	0 V on-board power supply, reference ground for	pk/wh	As required
04	IN 1-8		
35	Sampler motor for tank sample, phase A	bu	Sampler motor for whole tank
36	Sampler motor for tank sample, phase B	bn/wh	sample
37	Sampler motor for tank sample, phase C	gn/ye	.1
38	Sampler motor for tank sample, phase D	gy/pk	
L			

24.2.4 Terminal connection plan

Terminal	Signal name	Colour	Connected to
39 40 41	+24 V on-board power supply from terminal 54 AGND on-board power supply from terminal 55 +44 V operating voltage for sampler motor for indi- vidual samples, supply from terminal 56	rd 1.5 mm ² bu 1.5 mm ² bk 1.5 mm ²	Sampler motor for whole tank sample
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 €	Signal M-Up, bottle lifting motor Signal M-Down, bottle lifting motor Signal M-Down, bottle lifting motor Signal M-Out, magazine discharge motor Signal M-In, magazine infeed motor Signal M-Star, star drive motor Signal P-Star, star drive motor Signal P-Star, self-holding contact for star drive Ground reference potential for P-Star signal Signal P-Star, check-back signal +24 V on-board power supply for bottle drive GND on-board power supply for bottle drive Shielded connection for bottle drive channel	bn rd ye gn pk vt gy/wh Wire jumper bk bn/wh	Bottle drive Wires according to colour for type 6774-10 IN 7 (terminal 32)
52 53 54 55 56	Shielded on-board power supply connection +24 V on-board power supply entry GND on-board power supply entry +24 V on-board power supply exit AGND on-board power supply exit +44 V operating voltage output for sampler 1	rd 1.5 mm ² bu 1.5 mm ² bk 1.5 mm ²	Vehicle battery+ Vehicle battery- Terminal 39, sampler circuit board Terminal 40, sampler circuit board Terminal 41, sampler circuit board

Annotation:

- 1. Insulate other pigtail leads individually for FLM, type 6826 (rd, wh, bu); these are not needed.
- 2. The digital inputs IN 7 (star in position) and IN 8 (bottle down) are reserved exclusively for the bottle drive signals.
- 3. This is the standard assignment. Any configuration is basically possible.



Note:

On configuration of "3003", input IN 6 is strictly reserved for "Bottle in position".

۲ Bottle Drive Type 6774—10 0 6 0 0 M1A Sí1 Elektronik ╧╻╧┓╔ [┿]┙┥┨┥┙┙ SI5 Sampler Si2 M3.15A <u> 312</u> SI7 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 . *1) ╊╓╋╢ *2) + TS TYD CTS 🕀 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 Л field bus P-NET 11 12 14 17 18 19 . 15 KL35..38 KL16..19 KL1...5 ā gn/ye wh/bn gn/ye gy/pk gy/pk 걸 /w 5 2 2 Flowlevel Sampler Sampler Meter Pump Tank Pump Single 6826-xx 6871-xx 6871-xx on board power supply voltage SI 15A -T +24V -GND -

24.2.5 Wiring

<u>Notice:</u> wire section for main power supply 2.5mm² admissible electricity of outputs max. 1.0A

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Additional instructions for wiring:

*1) The outgoing wires from terminals 54 (red), 55 (blue) and 56 (black) (= on-board power supply + sampler motor voltage) have to be connected to terminals 39 (red), 40 (blue) and 41 (black).

*2) For bottle drive operation, a wire jumper is needed between terminal 32 (IN7) and terminal 49 (P-Star).

24.3

Flow Level Meter type 6826-x

Order no ..: see technical data



24.3.1 Technical data

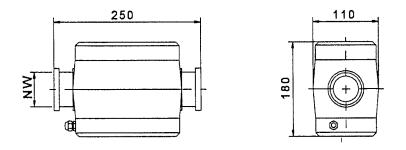
Device-specific data		
Liquid to be measured	milk	
Medium temperature	0 °C +100 °C	
Pressure	max. 10 bar	
Electrical data		
Auxiliary energy (voltage, current)	24 V DC ± 10 % max. 6 W	
Volume flow rate		
NW 50	max. 500 l/min	
NW 65	max. 1000 l/min	
NW 76	max. 1400 l/min	
Flow direction	In accordance with direction given on the metal type plate (+ direction)	
Sensors	Magneto-inductive flow sensor with µP-controlled function monitor- ing; measurement of filling degree via conductivity sensor	
Electrical outputs		
Magneto-inductive flow meter	analog output 4 … 20 mA	
Filling level sensor	analog output approx. 0,3 … 2,3 V	
Electrical connection	5 m connection cable via PG-11 feed and internal terminals, open cable ends	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	-10 °C +50 °C	
Maximum cleaning temperature	100 °C	
Cleaning type	CIP cleaning	
Climatic class	IWA in accordance with DIN 40040	
Mechanical data		
Dimensions	250 x 180 x 110 mm	
Weight	approx. 50 N (= 5 kg)	
Pipe connections		

NW 50	Connecting flange, connection via sealing ring and clamp in accordance with DIN 32676 NW 50
NW 65	Connecting flange, connection via sealing ring and clamp in accordance with ISO 2852 NW 2,5"
NW 76	Connecting flange, connection via sealing ring and clamp in accordance with ISO 2852 NW 3"
Layout	Red plastic casing PPO Noryle with stainless steel measuring tube Stainless steel measuring tube, teflon-coated
Mounting	Measuring tube only horizontal, with upstream smoothing section $> 3 \times NW$

Ordering details	
Designation Order number	
Horizontal mounting (flat):	
Flow Level Meter 2", type 6826-10	U950 17 682610
Flow Level Meter 2,5", type 6826-20	U950 17 682620
Flow Level Meter 3", type 6826-30	302063
Mounting position	
Vertical mounting (edgewise):	
Flow Level Meter 2" 90°, type 6826-11	U950 17 682611
Flow Level Meter 2,5" 90°, type 6826-21 U950 17 682621	
Flow Level Meter 3" 90°, type 6826-31 304782	
Mounting position	
Note: Please mind flow direction (arrow on type plate) !	

Accessories:	
Sealing ring for clamp 2"	U495077
Clamp foldable 2"	U495080
Sealing ring for clamp 2,5"	U495059
Clamp foldable 2,5"	U495056
Sealing ring for clamp 3"	U495031
Clamp foldable 3"	U495065

24.3.2 Dimensions/Installation

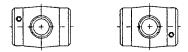


Fitting

The flow level meter can either be laid flat or fitted upright depending on the design of the unit.

The milk pipe must always be horizontal.

Horizontal (flat) installation: order "Horizontal" version



Vertical (upright) installation: order "Vertical" version

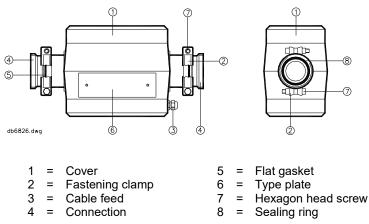


J	
+	



Attention: Note direction of flow (arrow on type plate)

Build



Instructions for mounting and dismounting:

1. First remove threaded milk pipe adapter, if still attached to FLM. To do this, open the clamp fasteners (2) on both sides and remove the pipe connections from the FLM.



Attention: Do not lose the seals and put them back carefully when reassembling.

- 2. First screw the threaded milk pipe adapters with the union nuts on both sides of the pipe connections.
- 3. Then fit the FLM (not forgetting the flat gaskets (5)) and secure with the fastening clamps (2). It might be easier if the pipe supports/anchors are slightly loosened first. \Rightarrow Tighten again at the end.

Dismounting:

- 1. First take out the FLM by removing the fastening clamps (2) on both sides. It might be easier if the pipe supports/anchors are slightly loosened first.
- 2. Then, if necessary, remove the threaded milk pipe adapters from the FLM.

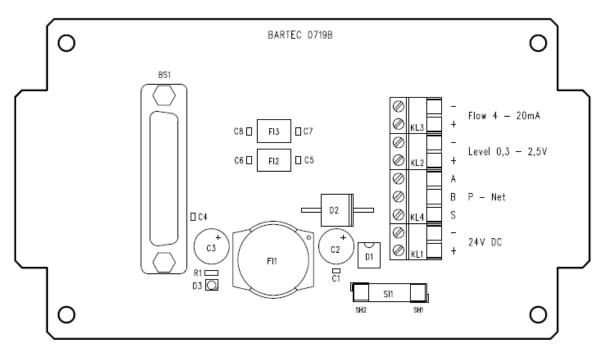


Attention:

Do not lose the seals and put them back carefully when reassembling.

24.3.3 Wiring

The FLM is supplied as standard with 5 m of cable which is connected as shown on the diagram below. Please follow the directions for use of the follow-on device when wiring.



24.3.4 Electrical terminal assignment

Terminal block	Signal	Colour	6771-31
3	- Flow 4 - 20 mA	bk	5
3	+Flow 4 - 20 mA	vt	4
2	- Level 0.3 - 2.5 V	bn	5
2	+ Level 0.3 - 2.5 V	уе	3
4	P-NET A	wh	Insulated
4	P-NET B	bu	Insulated
4	P-NET S		
1	- 24 V DC (GND)	Shield	2
1	+ 24 V DC	pk/gy	1

Please insulate any non-required conductors individually.

24.4 Sampling cabinet monitoring sensor Pt 100 (optional)

Order no.: 216529



Technical Data 24.4.1

Electrical data		
Measuring insert	Pt 100 DIN EN 60 751	
Tolerance class	В	
Connection	Four-wire connection	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	-5 +100 °C	
Mechanical data		
Housing specification	Stainless steel	
Connecting cable	PVC / I = 5 m	

24.5 Bottle drive, type 6774-10

Bottle drive with pneumatic lifting gear

Order no.: U9441677410

The bottle drive is a hands-free system for the delivery and positioning of the sample bottles for the ULTRASAMPLER® sample collection process and for the simple insertion and removal of the round magazines of type 6875.

It is located in the refrigerated sample collection box on the collection vehicle and holds the empty and full sample bottles in two round magazines.

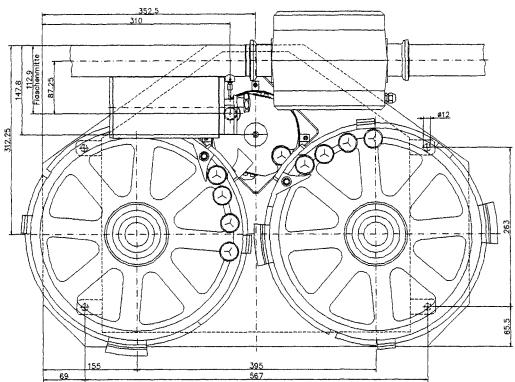


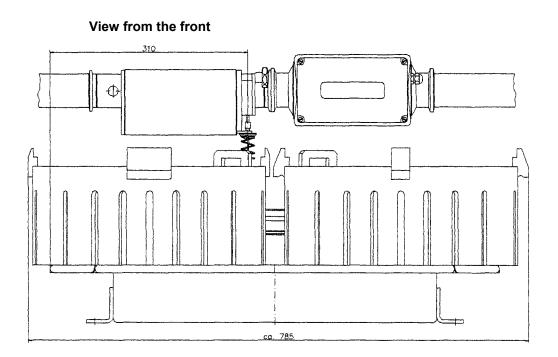
24.5.1 Technical data

Electrical data		
Auxiliary power	DC 24 V	
Fuses	No internal fuses, fused via drive system	
Electrical connection	Connector plug with inset socket (F), type Han 16 A (16-pin)	
Compressed air connection	Plug-in connection for hose with outer diameter of 5.0 mm (see connection diagram!), 10 bar max. pressure, oil-free	
Ambient conditions		
Operating temperature	-10 +50°C	
Storage temperature	-10 +70°C	
Climatic category / protection class	JWA / IP 51	
Mechanical data		
Housing specification	Stainless steel, plastic (POM)	
Weight	28 kg (excl. round magazines)	
Round magazine	Type 6875 with sample bottles type 6845: max. 72 sample bottles per magazine	
code reader	Fitting facility for bar code reader, e.g. type 6834-10 6727-40 (not supplied with the product)	

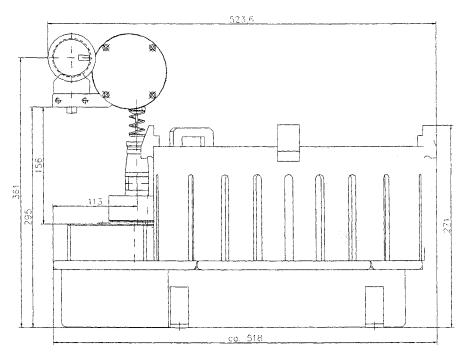
24.5.2 **Dimensions/Mounting**

View from above

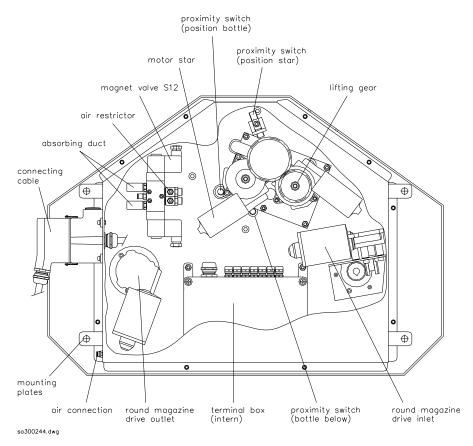




View from the left



View from below



Measuring System MAK TIGER 3003 Service manual, SA 131128

24.5.3 Installation

Installation

Installation

Horizontal, with reference to the position of the ULTRASAMPLER®.

It must be possible to change the round magazines easily afterwards (see diagram).

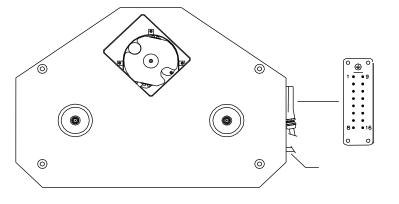
Connection

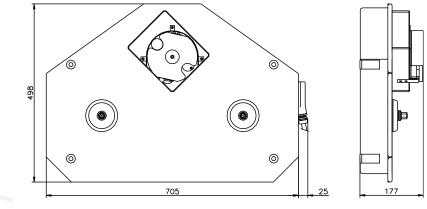
Establish compressed air connection (see diagram!).

Wiring

Connect cable for bottle drive (type 6774-304, L = 7 m) to the relevant drive system.

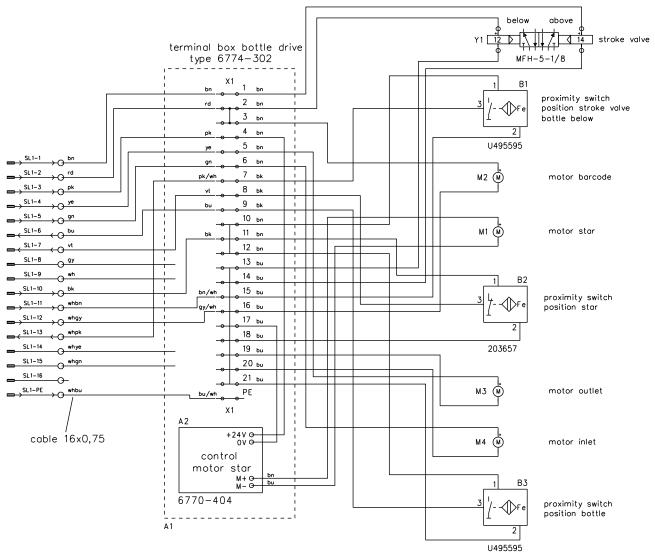
Dimensions and location of connections





db677401.dwg

24.5.4 Wiring/terminal assignment



Wiring internally

sa300245.dwg

Terminal assignment

		1/0-Box type 6753	Ultrasampler Controller type 6771—31	Nid
Signal	Wire colour	Terminal	Terminal	
Stroke valve (motor up) Motor barcode (motor down) Motor star	bn rd pk		41 42 45	BL1-1 BL1-2 BL1-3
Motor outlet Motor inlet	ye gn	free output	43 44	BL1-4 BL1-5
Position bottle Position star nc	bu vt	free input	26 46	BL1-6 BL1-7 BL1-8
nc +24V	gy wh bk	+24V *	49	BL1-0 BL1-9 BL1-10
0V 0V	whbn whgy	0V * 0V *	50 47	BL1–11 BL1–12
Position stroke valve (bottle down) nc	whpk whye		33	BL1-13 BL1-14
	whgn		Ф	BL1-15 BL1-16
Housing	whbu		Ð	BL1-PE

sa300246.dwg

nc = not connected

* 24V main power supply

24.6 **Bottle Drive Mini (max. 16 bottles)** type 6774-12

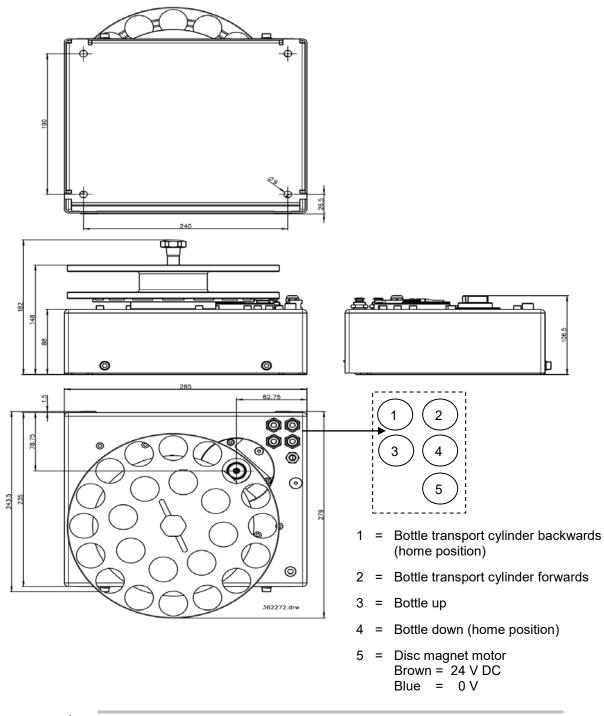
Order no.: 362272



Technical Data 24.6.1

Device-specific data				
Number of sample bottles	Max. 16 (optiona	Max. 16 (optional capacity for 8 spare bottles)		
Barcode reader		Fitting facility for bar code reader, e.g. type 6727-40 (not supplied with the product)		
Connection cable	7 m oil resistant	flexible cable, 2 x 0.75 mm²		
Input voltage	24 V DC, must b	e conducted via relay with freewheeling diode		
Fuses	No internal fuses drive system	s, approx. 3 A, must be fused via		
Pneumatic supply	Plug-in connection outer diameter	ons for pneumatic hose with 6 mm		
Ambient conditions				
Operating temperature	-10 °C+50 °C			
Storage temperature	-10 °C+70 °C			
Protection class	IP 20	IP 20		
Mechanical Data				
Dimensions	285 x 279 x 170 mm (incl. bottle holder)			
	285 x 243.5 x 106.5 mm (excl. bottle holder)			
Mounting holes	4 x diameter 9 mm, 240 x 190 mm			
Weight incl. bottle holder	Approx. 6 kg			
Weight of bottle holder	Approx. 1,1 kg			
Housing specification	Stainless steel, p	olastic (POM)		
Bottle holder	Type 6774-306 for 16 sample bottles (Optional capacity for 8 spare bottles)			
Spare parts and accessories				
Designation		Order number		
Holder for 16 bottles, type 6774-306		362571		
Magnetic holder, type 6774-305	der, type 6774-305 362535			
Plastic hose PAN 6 x 1,00 mm (si	m (silver) 306004			

24.6.2 Dimensions and Assembly





Note:

When de-energized the bottle transport cylinder must be retracted, the star can be turned by hand counter-clockwise! If the cylinder is extended, it clacks loud when turning the star counterclockwise.

24.7 Manual lifting device for sample bottle type 6871-3-30 / type 6871-4-30

Order-No.:	Туре 6871-3-30	U94416871330
	Type 6871-4-30	U94416871430

The manual sampler lifting device is used to lift the sample bottle into the filling position and settle the filled sample bottle with the aid of an operating lever.

The manual sample bottle lifting device is screwed onto the sampler and is mounted under the peristaltic pump. In the filling position, the injection needle of the sampler pierces the sealing plug of the sample bottle. The proximity switch, integrated in the lifting device, detects the filling position and allows control of the milk intake process.



Types

The lifting device is for right-side mounting on the sampler (milk flow from right to left) suitable.

24.7.1 Technical Data

Electrical data	
Operating voltage	24 V DC
Ambient conditions	
Operating temperature	-10 +50 °C
Store temperature	- 10 + 70 °C
Protective system	IP 68
Mechanical data	
Construction	Fixed and mobile parts made of stainless steel, sliding disks made of Teflon; inductive proximity switch is screwed in and tightened
Weight	ca. 7 N ≅ 0,7 kg
Usable sample bottles	50 ml Sample bottles with triple slotted sealing plug

24.7.2 Wiring

Proximity switch NPN Order.No. U495593 Ground switching	Controller 1) MAK compact- Controller 6942-10	US-Controller 6771-31	
brown (bn) + 24V_S	IN 1 – 8	+ 24 V clamp 25	
blue (bu) AGND	IN 1 - 8	GND clamp 34	
black (bk)	Free inputs IN 1 - 8	Free inputs IN 1 – 8 clamp 26 33	
Proximity switch PNP Order.No. U496004 Positiv switching	Controller 1) MAK Compact- Controller 6942-10		I/O-Box 6753, Inputs
brown (bn)	IN 1 – 8		+ 24 V
blue (bu)	IN 1 - 8		GND
black (bk)	Free inputs IN 1 - 8		Free inputs IN 1-8



Note:

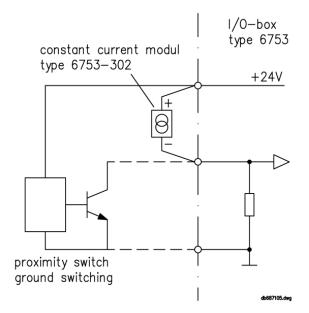
If a ground-switching proximity switch is to be connected to a device (eg I / O box 6753) with posi-tive-switching inputs, this can be done by interposing the constant current module Type 6753-302 as a "pull up" between + 24 V and the corresponding input (see Fig. 1)

The digital inputs of the compact controller 6942-10 are configured as "positive switching" by de-fault.

By changing the configuration (see Type 6744-10) each input can be customized

also be switched to "mass switching".

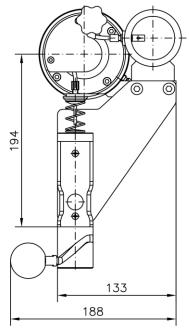
Picture 1



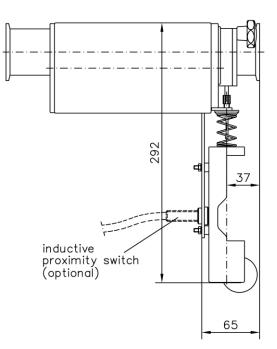
Controller-Settings

In the controller (periphery), the physical input used must be assigned the logical input "56".

Dimensions







24.8 Semi automatic lifting device for sample bottle type 6871-3-50

Order-No.: U94416871350

The semi-automatic sampler lifting device is used for bottle identification and positioning in milk sample filling.

Lifting the sample bottle to the filling position and depositing the filled sample bottle is done by means of an operating lever.

The semi automatic sample bottle lifting device is screwed onto the sampler and is mounted under the peristaltic pump. In the filling position, the injection needle of the sampler pierces the sealing plug of the sample bottle. Two proximity switches, integrated in the lifting device, detect the bottle and the filling position and allows control of the milk intake process



24.8.1 **Technical data**

Electrical data	
Operating voltage	24 V DC
Connection turning device	3m Ölflex 3 x 0,5mm²
Ambient conditions	
Operating temperature	-10 +50 °C
Store temperature	-10 + 70 °C
Protective system	IP 68
Mechanical data	
Construction	Fixed and mobile parts made of stainless steel, sliding disks made of Teflon; inductive proximity switch is screwed in and tightened
Weight	ca. 2,3kg
Usable sample bottles	50 ml Sample bottles with triple slotted sealing plug

24.8.2 Wiring

Proximity switch NPN Order.No. U495593 Ground switching	Controller 1) MAK compact- Controller 6942-10	US-Controller 6771-31	
brown (bn) + 24V_S	IN 1 – 8	+ 24 V clamp 25	
blue (bu) AGND	IN 1 - 8	GND clamp 34	
black (bk)	Free inputs IN 1 - 8	Free inputs IN 1 – 8 clamp 26 33	
Proximity switch PNP Order.No. U496004 Positiv switching	Controller 1) MAK Compact- Controller 6942-10		I/O-Box 6753, Inputs
brown (bn)	IN 1 – 8		+ 24 V
blue (bu)	IN 1 - 8		GND
black (bk)	Free inputs IN 1 - 8		Free inputs IN 1-8

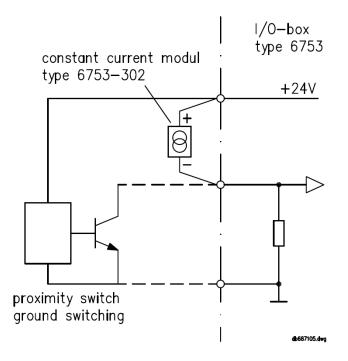
Note:

If a ground-switching proximity switch is to be connected to a device (eg I / O box 6753) with positive-switching inputs, this can be done by interposing the constant current module Type 6753-302 as a "pull up" between + 24 V and the corresponding input (see Fig. 1)

The digital inputs of the compact controller 6942-10 are configured as "positive switching" by default.

By changing the configuration (see Type 6744-10) each input can be customized also be switched to "mass switching".

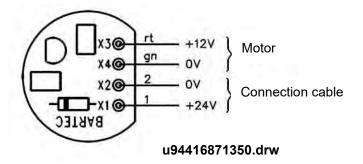
Picture 1



Wiring magnet disk motor

Motor	US-Controller Type 6870-2	US-Controller 6771-30	Bottledrive-Insert Type 6757-112
Ader 1 (+ 24 V)	Clamp 24	Clamp 42	Clamp 402
Ader 2 (0 V)	Clamp 34	Clamp 47 (GND)	Clamp 407 (GND)
	Bridge from clamp 22	Bridge from clamp 33 (IN 8)	Bridge from clamp 411 to
	to clamp 18 (GND)	to clamp 34 (GND)	clamp 407 (GND)

Stabilization 12 V/24 V for magnetic disc motor, type 6870-400



Barcode reader type 6727-40

The barcode reader is connected to the reading station Type 6723-10.

The wiring and settings can be found in the corresponding chapters of this manual!

Spare parts

Proximity switch:	Order-No: U496004, plus switching
Proximity switch:	Order-No.: U495593, ground switching
Motor 12 V:	Order-No.: U371061
Stabilization 12 V/24	V: Order-No.: U06001398

Controller Settings

In the controller (periphery), the logical inputs "55, 56" must be assigned to the physical input used.

24.9 Installation

24.9.1 Fitting the refrigerated sample collection box

Standards required of the refrigerated sample collection box

All the Ultrasampler units, except for the Controller, are located in a special refrigerated sample collection box.

This sample collection box has to be made to fit the Ultrasampler assembly and installed in the intake cable of the collection vehicle or another suitable location.

The following points need to be factored into the design and positioning:

- There must be space for the sampler and bottle drive in the sample collection box (Fig. 2, Fig. 3).
- The bottle drive is seated horizontally in the sample collection box and also needs to be kept horizontal during its insertion and removal.
- It must be possible to insert and remove the round magazines of the bottle drive easily.
- The milk pipeline on the collection vehicle should be routed through the refrigerated sample collection box at an incline of 1 ± 0.5 % (towards the intake socket). There must be not be any mechanical forces on the connecting flanges either during assembly or during operation.
- It must be possible to fix the branch pipe with two holders on the cover of the sample collection box. The holders should sit on the branch pipe ends.

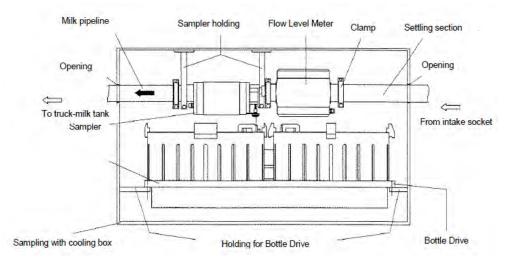


Fig. 1 - ULTRASAMPLER in refrigerated sample collection box



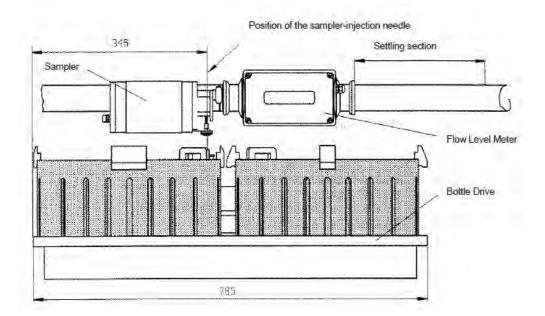


Fig. 3

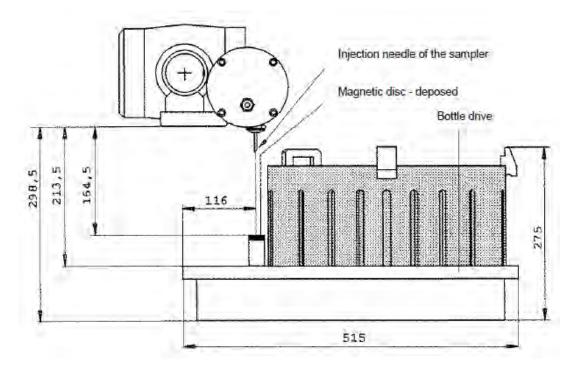


Fig. 2 and Fig. 3 show the dimensions for the sampler and bottle drive layout. • A straight piece of milk pipe (length ≥ 3 x NW) serves as a flowcalming section upstream of the flow level meter.

The flow-calming section can extend out of the refrigerated sample collection box.

• There are four holes in the base plate of the bottle drive for connection with the sample collection box.

Note:

• When calculating the dimensions of the refrigerated sample collection box, take due account of the choice of sampler and the installation options.

• Allow for the possible use of a flow level meter with "vertical" installation position (installed horizontally in Fig. 2 and Fig. 3).

Fitting the milk pipeline

The branch pipe of the sampler and the flow level meter are integrated in the milk pipeline in the sample collection box.

Duly allowing for the space required by the sampler and bottle drive, the milk pipeline must be disconnected at the place designated for the branch pipe and flow level meter (or must be assembled from individual pipe sections).

The exact position and length of the disconnection must be decided when the sample collection box is being designed.

A connecting flange (standard part) of the corresponding width must be welded onto both ends of the milk pipe at the disconnection point.

If the milk pipeline is fitted outside the sample collection box, there must be axial clearance for the installation and removal of the sampler and flow level meter when it has been released. The aim is to install the sampler firmly in the sample collection box in a vibration-free location.

24.9.2 Installation of the ULTRASAMPLER units

Installation of sampler type 6871-3/4/5

The sampler and branch pipe can be installed and removed either as two separate units or as one unit screwed together.

Installation of branch pipe:

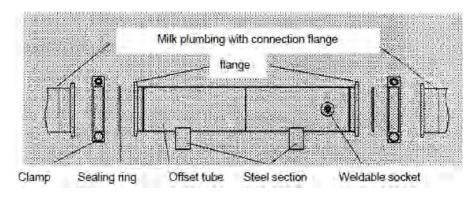
- Fit sealing rings on the flanges of the branch pipe.
- Mount the branch pipe on the milk pipeline by the flanges on both sides (if using the flow level meter mount this on the flange on the corresponding side). Tighten fasteners slightly.
- Turn branch pipe until welded socket is horizontal. Tighten fasteners.



Note:

Do not turn the branch pipe until the sampler and bottle drive have been fitted in the exact position.

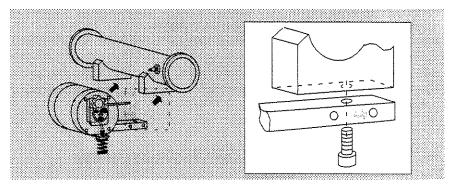
Sampler and branch pipe



Fitting the sampler on the branch pipe

• Attach the two sampler holders to the steel sections of the branch pipe from below. Screw each of the holders onto the steel sections with an M8 x 20 hexagon socket screw.

Connecting the sampler and branch pipe



• Fit M6 x 0.75 union nut on the free end of the pump hose (1). Fit pump hose on intake cannula in welded socket (2) and tighten union nut (3).

Connecting pump hose to intake cannula



Additional fixation of branch pipe

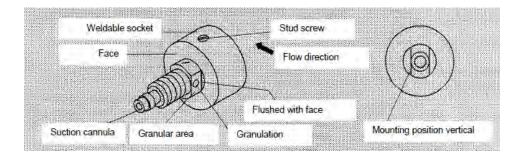
Additional holders need to be fitted on the ends of the branch pipe and connected to the cover of the sample collection box.

These holders should be easy to take off again when the branch pipe is removed.

Check the fitting of the intake cannula in the welded socket with reference to the following points:

- Rough area pointing against the direction of milk flow (rough area and opening of intake cannula pointing in the same direction).
- The roughened surface is upright.
- The roughened surface is flush with the end face of the welded socket.

Intake cannula in welded socket



Deinstallation of sampler type 6871-3/4/5

As with their installation, the sampler and branch pipe can be removed together as one unit or one after the other.

It is possible and quite straightforward to replace the sampler without removing the branch pipe from the milk pipeline.



Caution:

Never remove the sampler or branch pipe while the collection vehicle is running and the MAK 3003 Tiger system is switched on!

Removing the sampler

- Undo union nut on intake cannula and detach pump hose.
- Unplug sampler connection cable.
- Unscrew and remove the two M8 x 20 pan head screws on the underside of each sampler holder and remove sampler.

Removing the branch pipe (with or without sampler)

- Undo the fittings holding the branch pipe on the cover of the sample collection box.
- If the sampler is also being removed, unplug the sampler connection cable.
- Loosen additional milk pipe restraint outside the sample collection box (where fitted) until the milk pipeline has some side clearance.
- Remove fasteners from the branch pipe flanges and remove branch pipe (with or without sampler).

Installation of flow level meter, type 6826

The flow level meter sits between the branch pipe of the sampler and the flow-calming section and is mounted on both sides.

The milk taken into the collection vehicle flows through the flow level meter first and then through the sampler. See section 24.3.2. for installation instructions.



Note:

Mount the flow level meter in such a way that the terminal box remains accessible.

If space is limited, fit the connection cable before installing the meter.

Demontage Flow Level Meter Typ 6826



Caution:

Never remove the flow level meter while the collection vehicle is run-ning and the MAK 3003 LYNX system is switched on!

Removing the flow level meter

- Undo any locks on the milk pipeline outside the sample collection box (to generate axial play).
- Disconnect the connection cable.
- Resolve clamps on the flanges and take out flow level meter.

Installing the bottle drive

- Fit bottle drive in refrigerated sample collection box.
- Plug connection cable in first if necessary because of space constraints.
- Screw down bottle drive with four M6 screws and protect screw fittings.
- Loosen branch pipe fasteners. Turn branch pipe with sampler until the tip of the injection needle is pointing to the centre of the magnetic disc. Tighten fasteners again.

Removing the bottle drive

- Undo the four M6 screws. Remove the bottle drive.
- Unplug the connection cable before or after the removal process depending on space constraints.

Fitting the manual sample bottle lifter Type 6871-3-30

The manual sample bottle lifter, type 6871-3-30, is screwed onto the holder of the sampler, type 6871-3/4/5, which is on the pump side.

The connection is made with two M8 x 15 pan head screws and lock washers.

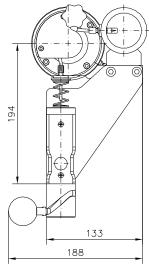
The sampler can be fitted alone or connected to the branch pipe.

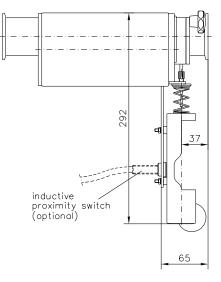
The sampler and branch pipe can be fitted in the sample collection box or left unfitted.

Assembly with proximity switch:

Screw proximity switch into manual sample bottle lifter as far as it will go and fit locknut.

Dimensions of manual sample bottle lifter





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24.10 Maintenance

The pump hose on the sampler needs to be changed periodically otherwise the only maintenance required on the ULTRASAMPLER is to clean the inside and outside.

The intake cannula or injection needle may need to be replaced if damaged.

24.10.1

Cleaning the inside and outside of the ULTRASAMPLER

Cleaning the outside of the ULTRASAMPLER

- Wipe down the outside of the functional units of the ULTRASAMPLER with a damp sponge without any added detergents.
- The round magazines of the bottle drive can be cleaned in a water bath under the following conditions:

Max. cleaning time: 5 minutes once a week

Max. cleaning temperature: 50 °C

Cleaning method: Water bath (circulated)

Cleaning the inside of the ULTRASAMPLER

The parts requiring cleaning in this case are the surfaces in the branch pipe and in the flow level meter contacted by the milk, and this internal cleaning routine is included in the collection vehicle cleaning process.

Parallel to this, the sampling line of the sampler is rinsed down in a special ULTRASAMPLER cleaning cycle.

During this cycle, the sampler pumps an alkaline cleaning solution out of the branch pipe into the sample bottle.

How to start the cleaning cycle (subject to installation):

- 1. Select menu item CIP in the MAK 3003 Tiger software
- 2. Activate special switch for collection vehicle cleaning



Attention:

The quality and width of the pump hose are affected by the sampler cleaning process.

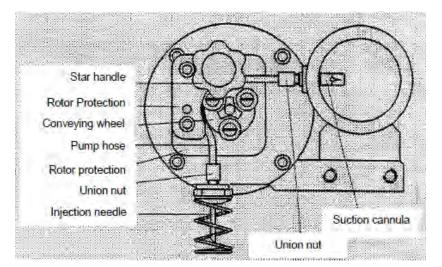
This gradually lowers the amount put into the sample bottles. Ideally the pump hose should therefore be changed after each cleaning cycle but, failing that, after no more than 10 days.

24.10.2 Changing the pump hose

The pump hose can be changed at any time but not while the sampler is in operation.

Removing the old pump hose

- Undo star handle and remove rotor protection (Plexiglas).
- Unscrew union nut on injection needle and intake cannula.
- Take out old pump hose, remove union nut.



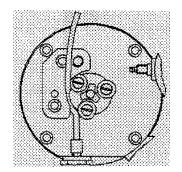
Fitting the new pump hose

NOTE:

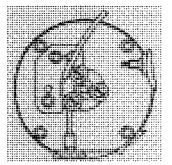
Make sure that the new pump hose is not twisted when it is fitted.

Check that the sample bottles are being filled properly after changing the hose.

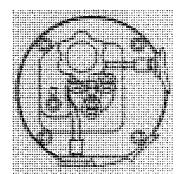
- Fit new pump hose on injection needle and tighten union nut.
- Put the conveying wheel in the position shown in the diagram and fit pump hose in the groove opposite.



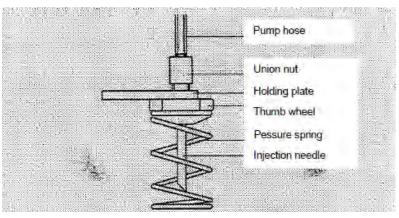
• Continue turning the conveying wheel clockwise and fitting the pump hose until the pump hose is fully fitted in the groove.



- Place union nut on pump hose.
- Fit pump hose on intake cannula and tighten union nut.
- Fit rotor protection and screw down star handle.



24.10.3 Injektionsnadel montieren



Disassembling the injection needle

The injection needle and thumb wheel (with thread for union nut) form one unit.

- Unscrew union nut and remove pump hose
- Remove pressure spring
- Unscrew injection needle from holding plate (turn thumb wheel)

To assemble, follow the steps in reverse order.

25 Start of operation

25.1 **Process and instructions**

The MAK Tiger 3003 operating instructions and the configuration instructions are constituent parts of this manual. Strict adherence to all these instructions is required.

The basic procedure for starting up the system is as follows:

- 1. Check that the entire system is wired correctly before switching on the wiring system voltage.
- 2. Set all the parameters on the Controller. The menu structure of the configuration instructions can be followed. It is not absolutely necessary to follow the order but all the menu items should be completed. The configuration instructions cover the individual menus, including their meaning and possible settings, and they also cover the assignment and meaning of the inputs, outputs and vehicle-specific settings.



Note:

After start of operation, it is advisable to print out the parameter settings (to file with your vehicle documents).

25.2

Attribution of PNET address system 3003 and 3002



Attention:

Machines which have been operated in the 3003 system (e.g. printers) cannot be used in the 3002 system until the address has been repro-grammed. This can currently only be done at BARTEC BENKE.

MID 6823-X

System 3002: PNET address 22 H System 3003: PNET address 22 H Register E8 = 342022

I/O box 6753-110

Supplier sampler 3002: PNET address 35 H Supplier sampler 3003: PNET address 35 H

Bar code reading station 6723-10

System 3002: PNET address 46 H System 3003: PNET address 46 H

V2000 Modul 6757-14 System 3002: PNET-Adresse 4A H, System 3003: PNET-Adresse 4A H

ULTRASAMPLER controller 6771-31

System 3002: PNET address 4B H System 3003: PNET address 4B H

Dual sampler controller 6970-30

Unit 1 system 3003: PNET address 4C H

Unit 2 system 3003: PNET address 4D H

Flow level meter 6826-X (connect to PNET for configuration only) System 3003: PNET address 60 H

PNET addresses are written in HEX format (\$).

25.3 Setting/adjustment instructions For ULTRASAMPLER system with flow level meter

25.3.1 Correct installation

In order to guarantee that the Ultrasampler will work properly, all the components must be correctly installed and connected.

The following points are of particular importance:

- The intake hose should not be longer than 6 m.
- At the Screw fitting of the suction hose or at the front of the suction hose a strainer should be mounted.
- No air must be allowed to enter through unsealed points (valves, screw fittings, etc.).
- In front of the Flow Level Meter there must be the longest possible straight line (no bends). This flow-calming section must be at least three times as long as the nominal pipe width.
- The intake cannula must be correctly fitted.
- Only BARTEC pump hoses may be used.
- The sampler must be fitted at the highest point of the piping system to prevent milk residues from remaining in the system and affecting subsequent samples.
- The injection needle must be positioned vertically over the middle of the bottle (stopper).

25.3.2 Initial operation

The following instructions and conditions must be heeded when putting the system into operation for the first time.

Maximum throughput is subject to intake quantity

The ULTRASAMPLER specifications and technical data stipulate the maximum throughput subject to the intake quantity.

The ULTRASAMPLER has a peristaltic pump therefore its maximum delivery volume is limited by physical and mechanical variables (e.g. the viscosity of the hose or the maximum acceleration of the stepper motor). The stepper motor needs 400 steps for one revolution where the maximum frequency is 10 kHz.

The maximum rotational speed is therefore as follows: $\frac{10 \text{ kHz}}{400 \text{ Hz}} = \frac{25 \text{ revolutions}}{\text{s}}$

At normal pressure (approx. 0.3 bar), the pump delivers about 0.27 ml per revolution (which corresponds to the hose calibration factor = 270).

The pump delivery at the maximum frequency of 10 kHz is as follows: 25*0.27 ml = 6.75 ml per second.

The starting and braking time of the stepper motor is approx. 0.5 seconds.

Time required (pump threshold limit) to fill one sample bottle with 35 ml to 100 %:

35 / 6.75 + 0.5 sec = 5.7 sec.

In order to obtain a representative sample, therefore, the intake process must not be shorter than 5.7 seconds.

If the pre-rinse function is activated, the pre-rinse time of approx. 0.5 seconds must be added to this time.

Basis for calculation:	
Pressure:	Approx. 0.3 bar
Calibration factor (hose):	Approx. 270
Sample bottle volume:	35 ml
Flow-calming section:	≥ 3 x NW (NW50 = 150 mm, NW76 = 228 mm)

Taking these figures as a reference, the following table can be used as an approximate guide at minimum intake quantity:

Intake quantity	Max. throughput Without pre-rinse	Max. throughput With pre-rinse
20	200 l/min	180 l/min
40	400 l/min	380 l/min
80	800 l/min	760 l/min
160 I	1600 l/min	1520 l/min



Note:

It is relatively difficult to operate the intake pump at different levels therefore it is possible to use the low output for 20 I and 40 I, for example, and the high output for the other quantities.

In any case there must be provision for at least a single-stage reduction of throughput.

If the restrictor is activated for a certain time, this time must be selected so that the entire intake process is completed with this restricted output, i.e. a time setting of at least 6 seconds is required at a throughput of 200 l/min. The system is actuated automatically via an output on the MAK 3003 data logging system at pre-sample setting and intake quantity < 80 l.

The suction capacity with small intake quantities is continually increased and is greatest at the end therefore the throughput of the system should not be taken to the performance limit of the sampler as it is then no longer possible to adjust power peaks and therefore the required representative-ness cannot be achieved.

Preparations for the operational check

Prepare 500 I of saltwater for intake.

Concentration: approx. 500 g of salt (1 pack) to 200 l of water.

The saline solution should generate an output voltage of 0.3 \dots 0.4 V on the fill level sensor output when the pipe is full.

It is advisable to put this amount of saltwater through the collection vehicle twice.

Prepare the collection vehicle for the intake, immersing the intake socket in the saltwater.

Adjustment and settings on the ULTRASAMPLER system

Once the installation process has been duly completed and all the checks have been made to ascertain that the maximum ratings of the sampler are not being exceeded, the electrical settings can be configured. See configuration instructions 3003_TIGER_MAK_SAK_110625.pdf

Standard settings on the MAK 3003 controller in conjunction with ULTRASAMPLER controller type 6771-31:

Basic settings

Control mode Flow rate at 20 mA:	Current loop 1400 l/min
Set pre-sample quantity:	80 I
Pump stop:	85 %
Correction factors:	
Low volume range:	0 % (1/X)
operative up to:	150 I
Mid volume range:	0 % (1/X)
operative up to:	250 I
High volume range:	0 % (1/X)
Start delay with high volume:	2.0 s
Standard rinse:	Yes
Firmware version:	2.34

Sampler 1

Sample mode:	Single sample
Sample bottle volume:	35 ml
Overflow tolerance:	120 %
Start delay:	0.0 s
Calibration factor:	270 µL
Pre-rinse from set point:	19 l
Rinse steps:	650
Minimum number of steps:	10
Minimum number of steps:	10
Minimum stepping frequency:	50
minimum stopping nequency.	

Sampler pre-rinse check

Lift the sample bottle lifting gear to filling position.

At 160 I, for example, the intake quantity is above the quantity of 19 I specified in the parameters from which a sampler pre-rinse is required.

The sampler begins the pre-rinse on the ULTRASAMPLER <u>without</u> flow level meter after return signal from the MAK 3003. A milk sensor operated by the MAK 3003 signals the start of the saltwater flow.

On the ULTRASAMPLER with flow level meter, the flow level meter signals the start of the saltwater flow.

The sampler rinse cycle is apparent from a few revolutions of the peristaltic pump, first in sampling direction then in the other direction, shortly after start of intake.

Adjusting the sample bottle fill volume

Step 1:

Take in a relatively large quantity (\geq 400 I) without restricting the pump intake. This quantity must accord with the default setting.

Step 2:

Check whether the pumped sample bottle volume on the display (MAK 3003 Controller) concurs exactly with the setting to within 2 - 3 ml (this has nothing to do with the hose calibration factor at this stage!).

Adjusting the scaling

The standard setting for a flow level meter is as follows:

At NW 76 mm = 84 m³/h (4 - 20 mA at 0 - 1400 l/min)

Practice has shown, however, that the flow section of the flow level meter (which is not always filled with liquid like the normal MID) varies somewhat depending on the suction system (vacuum/impeller, etc.). The flow is often 5 - 10 % higher because the incoming milk is already aerated (with air bubbles) depending on the intake position. The parameter "Flow rate at 20 mA" must be included in the basic settings to compensate for this.

At NW 76: between 1300 l/min and 1500 l/min.

After changing the setting, repeat Step 1 and Step 2 until the volume levels are roughly the same.

Note:

These settings may only be adjusted by trained specialist staff. It is important to make sure that the measuring range from 1400 l/min (at NW 76) is sufficient, i.e. there is still reserve capacity to adjust upwards. A change of the scaling from 1400 l/min to 1600 l/min can be helpful in this regard. This is achieved by providing the flow rate of 1400 l/min to 1600 l/min at 20 mA in the MAK controller. At the same time, the E5 tab in the FLM must be set to a value between 84 and max. 96. This can only be changed by a BARTEC BENKE service engineer.

<u>Step 3:</u>

Fine adjustment of bottle volume:

If the above adjustment has been carried out and the values tally then the filled sample bottle volume can be aligned with the hose calibration factor.

An increase in the factor means that less will be put into the bottles because the sampler controller assumes that the peristaltic pump will deliver more in one revolution and that therefore fewer revolutions or steps are needed to obtain the same volume.

If this value is also adjusted, the pumped volume of the sampler should be about right, even with small quantities. If this is not the case, however, it is necessary to check whether the maximum limits of the sampler are being exceeded, especially with small quantities.

Accuracy of measurement

The pumped sample bottle volume is displayed on the MAK 3003, indicating whether the sample which has been taken is representative or whether the limits of the sampler have been reached (cf. 2.1). This value should normally be equal to the sample bottle volume setting if the actual set quantity tallies with the input quantity and if the ULTRASAMPLER system has been set properly and is working correctly.

The intake process is not constant, however, but is subject to continual changes in output and air content, therefore it is only possible to obtain an approximate measurement. Another factor to bear in mind is that the change in throughput is accompanied by a change in pressure and therefore the hose calibration factor varies slightly.

The (pumped) sample bottle volume which is displayed should therefore be regarded as a rough indication only. On account of the fact that the intake process is not always constant (see above), the value can vary by about 10 % (approx. 2 - 3 ml) from the set sample bottle volume without affecting the representativeness.

Guaranteeing the representativeness of the samples

All of the above points must be observed in order to guarantee that the samples are representative. It may be the case, however, that the fat level in the automatic sample does not tally straight away with the fat value of the manual sample.

One reason for this may be that the flow and the level cannot be measured correctly because the milk is swirling vigorously at the place where the flow level meter sits (e.g. if a bend has been installed recently).

Possible remedies in this case:

- either a mechanical change in the pipeline (ideal solution!)
- or
- correction factors settings of low, medium and high

The controller then takes less account of the overrun of the milk. As a result, it is assumed at the end of the intake process (i.e. when a lot of air is present) that the overrun is greater, i.e. less milk is flowing past and less is being channelled off. The milk drawn in at the end of the intake process is mainly the milk with the fat content therefore the sample which is taken will automatically be lower in fat. This method is usually only effective with small quantities (up to approx. 100 l) because with large quantities the remainder is not so heavily assessed as a percentage.

With higher throughputs (500 - 1000 l/min) this setting can also bring about an improvement with larger intake quantities because the milk can be swirling very vigorously at the end due to the high throughput.

What action must be taken if fat values are above or below average?

The following action should be taken if the fat values are found to be below or above average at the inspection and acceptance process for the ULTRASAMPLER:

Check basic settings and parameters:

- a) Remove intake cannula and check whether it is leaking or blocked
- b) Check that the intake cannula is fitted and installed properly (against the direction of flow, correct distance from pipe wall, needle bent?)
- c) Replace sampler hose
- d) Check whether the bottled sample volume tallies with the sample volume displayed on the controller

If the values vary by more than 10 %, the parameter "Flow at 20 mA" will need to be adjusted.

This setting is incorrect in many cases and is a frequent cause of complaints!

- e) Are the limits of the sampler being observed (restrictor for small quantities, throughput)?
- f) Is the flow level scaling adequate (1400 l/m at NW 76 mm)?

Start delay setting in case of below-average fat values:

The start of the sampler can be changed with this parameter. The milk at the start of the intake is low in fat therefore, by delaying the start of the sampler, less low-fat milk is taken into the bottle, leading to a general increase in the fat content in the sample.

Start delay parameter in MAK 3003.

Configuration - Periphery - ULTRASAMPLER:

Start delay: 0.4 s

(Start with a value between 0.4 and 0.7, run a test with one quantity of milk, take the fat reading, adjust the setting if necessary and run the test again!)

In case of above-average fat values:

Option 1 (only in exceptional cases and with milk collection vehicles with high throughputs):

Above-average fat levels were measured in the higher quantities (80 I and 160 I) in the case of milk collection vehicles with high throughputs in conjunction with the ULTRASAMPLER system therefore, although there was a slightly lower than average fat level in the small quantity (40 I), the following changes were introduced (from software version 2.32 of the ULTRASAMPLER controller).

3 new parameters were introduced (1 per intake quantity), allowing the level curve to be set between proportional (more fat) and 1/X (less fat) on the ULTRASAMPLER controller.

The 3 parameters in sample collection/basic settings are defined as follows:

Low correction factor:

Effective for intake quantities which are below and equal to the low/medium switching threshold.

Medium correction factor:

Effective for intake quantities which are between the low/medium and medium/high switching thresholds.

High correction factor:

Effective for intake quantities which are above and equal to the medium/high switching threshold.

Correction factor settings: Setting range = 0 to 100

0 = curve is still proportional, i.e. as before, the level in the pipe is linear to the FLM signal (see graph)

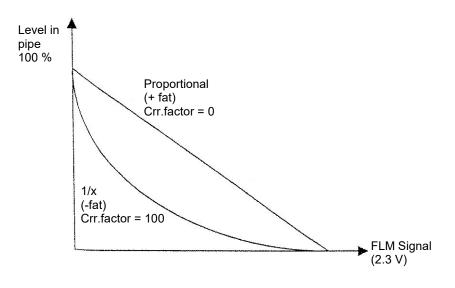
100 = curve is now 1/X, i.e. the level in the pipe is not linear (1/X function) to the FLM signal (see graph)

GUIDE to calculating the correct settings:

All the correction factor settings need to be calculated with milk.

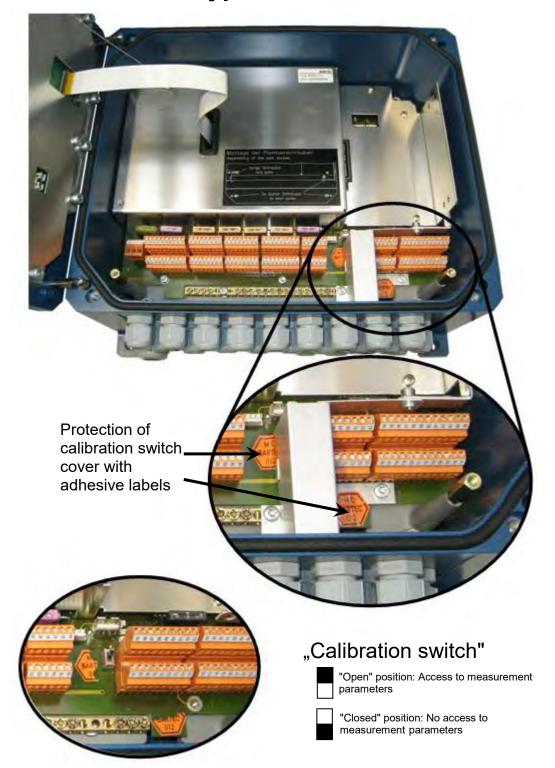
It is advisable to start with 20 (for low and medium) with the small intake quantities. After analyzing the fat levels, a higher or lower setting can then be selected based on the tendency, i.e. the correct settings need to be calculated in tests on the actual vehicle in any given case.

Graph illustrating the correction factors:



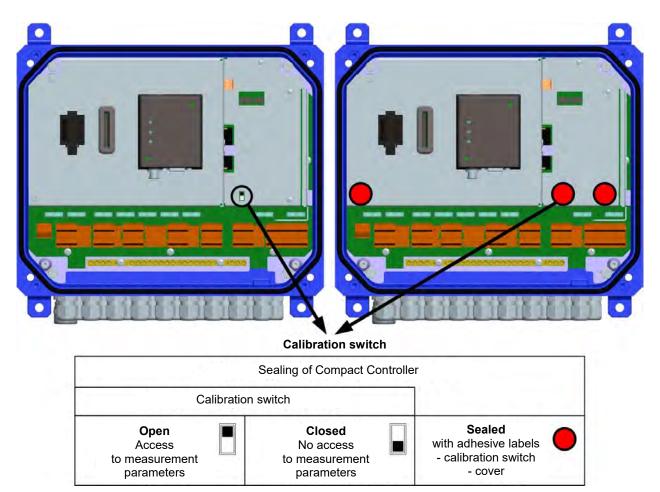
26 MAK TIGER 3003 Measuring System seal diagram

26.1 Seal diagram for Compact Controller, type 6942-10 until series B

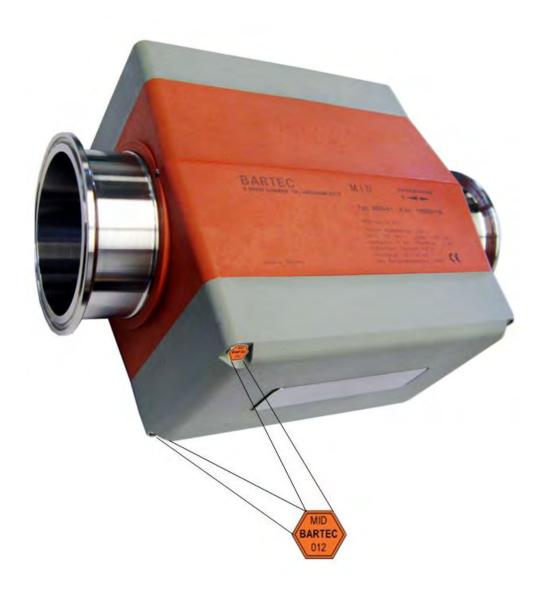


Measuring System MAK TIGER 3003 Service manual, SA 131128

26.2 Seal diagram for Compact Controller, type 6942-10 from series C



26.3 Seal diagram for MID, type 6823-x



Measuring System MAK TIGER 3003 Service manual, SA 131128
